#### INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 917 ROSEMOUNT, MINNESOTA

Financial Statements and Supplemental Information

Year Ended June 30, 2013



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#### INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 917

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## School Board and Administration as of June 30, 2013

#### SCHOOL BOARD

Board of Directors	Member District	Position on Board
D 1 G1 1	7. T.	a
Deb Clark	SSD No. 6	Chairperson
Jill Lewis	ISD No. 199	Vice Chairperson
Kathy Lewis	ISD No. 194	Treasurer
Vanda Pressnall	ISD No. 195	Clerk
Arlene Bush	ISD No. 271	Director
Dan Cater	ISD No. 200	Director
Ron Hill	ISD No. 191	Director
D. Tom Ryerson	ISD No. 197	Director
Veronica Walter	ISD No. 192	Director

#### **ADMINISTRATION**

John Christiansen	Superintendent
Melissa Schaller	Director of Special Education
Dan Hurley	Secondary Education Principal
Nicolle Roush	Business Manager
Jim Eberhardt	Secondary Education Principal – Interim





#### PRINCIPALS



Thomas M. Montague, CPA
Thomas A. Karnowski, CPA
Paul A. Radosevich, CPA
William J. Lauer, CPA
James H. Eichten, CPA
Aaron J. Nielsen, CPA
Victoria L. Holinka, CPA

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the School Board and Management of Intermediate School District No. 917 Rosemount, Minnesota

#### REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Intermediate School District No. 917 (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

(continued)

#### **OPINIONS**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to on the previous page present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### OTHER MATTERS

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Other Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, supplemental information, and other information, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. The accompanying Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards (UFARS) Compliance Table is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Minnesota Department of Education, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of the District.

The supplemental information and the UFARS Compliance Table are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and other information sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

(continued)

#### **Prior Year Comparative Information**

We have previously audited the District's 2012 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified audit opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information in our report dated November 27, 2012. In our opinion, the partial comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

#### OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 29, 2013 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Malloy, Montague, Karnowski, Radasewich & Co., P. A.

Minneapolis, Minnesota



#### Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2013

This section of Intermediate School District No. 917's (the District) financial statements presents management's narrative overview and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. Please read it in conjunction with the other components of the District's financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Net position on the government-wide Statement of Net Position is \$5,161,130. Net position is similar to the equity position for private sector businesses.
- The government-wide Statement of Activities shows a decrease in net position of \$757,587.
- The District's total General Fund balance at June 30, 2013 is \$5,704,625.
- The District's governmental funds Balance Sheet reflects a \$4,082,678 unassigned fund balance.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of the financial statements consists of the following parts:

- Independent Auditor's Report;
- Management's Discussion and Analysis;
- Basic financial statements, including the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and the notes to basic financial statements;
- Required supplementary information; and
- Combining and individual fund statements and schedules, which are presented as supplemental information.

The following explains the two types of statements included in the basic financial statements:

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes *all* of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide financial statements report the District's *net position* and how they have changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are indicators of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District requires consideration of additional non-financial factors such as the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements the District's activities are all shown in one category titled "governmental activities." These activities, including regular and special education instruction, transportation, administration, and food services, are primarily financed with tuition charges and state aids

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's *funds*, focusing on its most significant or "major funds," rather than the District as a whole. A fund (Food Service Special Revenue Fund) that does not meet the threshold to be classified as major funds is called a "nonmajor" fund. Detailed financial information for nonmajor funds can be found in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section.

Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. For Minnesota schools, funds are established in accordance with Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards in accordance with statutory requirements and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The District maintains the following kinds of funds:

Governmental Funds – The District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on: 1) how *cash and other financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and 2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps to determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide financial statements, we provide additional information (reconciliation schedules) immediately following the governmental fund statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between these two types of financial statement presentations.

**Proprietary Funds** – Internal service fund services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the government-wide financial statements. The District uses internal service funds to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities. These services have been included with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The District currently has two internal service funds, including funds for accounting for post-employment severance and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) and the dental self-insurance plan.

**Fiduciary Funds** – The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to other organizations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Table 1 is a summarized view of the District's Statement of Net Position:

Table 1 Summary Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2013 and 2012					
		2013		2012	
Assets					
Current and other assets Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$	9,626,664 7,441,349	\$	9,874,077 7,606,075	
Total assets	\$	17,068,013	\$	17,480,152	
Liabilities					
Current and other liabilities	\$	2,988,312	\$	2,611,574	
Long-term liabilities, including due within one year		8,918,571		8,949,861	
Total liabilities	\$	11,906,883	\$	11,561,435	
Net position					
Net investment in capital assets	\$	636,891	\$	425,952	
Restricted for capital projects		1,092,357		1,336,698	
Restricted for other purposes		34,589		_	
Unrestricted		3,397,293		4,156,067	
Total net position	\$	5,161,130	\$	5,918,717	

The District's financial position is the product of many factors. For example, the determination of the District's net investment in capital assets involves many assumptions and estimates, such as current and accumulated depreciation amounts. A conservative versus liberal approach to depreciation estimates, as well as capitalization policies, will produce a significant difference in the calculated amounts. The other major factor in determining net position as compared to fund balances is the liability for long-term severance and other post-employment benefits (OPEB), which impacts the unrestricted portion of net position.

The Statement of Net Position identifies current assets and liabilities from non-current assets and long-term debt, respectively. The Statement of Net Position includes non-current assets not reported on the governmental funds Balance Sheet. These non-current assets include the total acquisition cost of the District's capital assets less accumulated depreciation. During the year, the District acquired \$105,752 of additional capital assets, consisting of furniture and equipment. The District has a total investment in capital assets of \$13,550,297.

Depreciation expense for the year was \$270,333, increasing total accumulated depreciation to \$6,108,948. Therefore, total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation equal \$7,441,349.

Total net position decreased by \$757,587, which reflects the current year operating results.

Table 2 presents a summarized version of the District's Statement of Activities:

Table 2 Summary Statement of Activities for the Years Ended June 30, 2013 and 2012					
	2013	2012			
Revenues					
Program revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 7,839,060	\$ 7,848,114			
Operating grants and contributions	15,177,273	14,720,483			
Capital grants and contributions	580,348	498,613			
General revenues					
Other	96,458	106,110			
Investment earnings	29,657	30,037			
Total revenues	23,722,796	23,203,357			
Expenses					
Administrative and support services	1,998,969	1,765,768			
Secondary vocational/DCALS	3,962,647	3,875,566			
Special education programs	18,097,103	17,292,500			
Food service	85,779	101,616			
Interest and fiscal charges on debt	335,885	344,925			
Total expenses	24,480,383	23,380,375			
Change in net position	\$ (757,587)	\$ (177,018)			

This format is similar to fund financial statements except that this is presented on an accrual basis of accounting, and it includes all of the governmental activities of the District. This statement includes depreciation expense, but excludes capital asset purchase costs, debt proceeds, and the repayment of debt principal.

The total cost of all programs and services was \$24,480,383. The District's expenses are predominantly related to educating students. In fiscal –2013, 91 percent of the District's expenses were devoted to this purpose. The administrative and support services activity of the District accounted for 8 percent of total expenses for the year. It should be noted that the District allocated \$1,295,041 in administrative and support services expenses to the secondary vocational/Dakota County Alternative Learning School (DCALS) and special education programs in fiscal 2013.

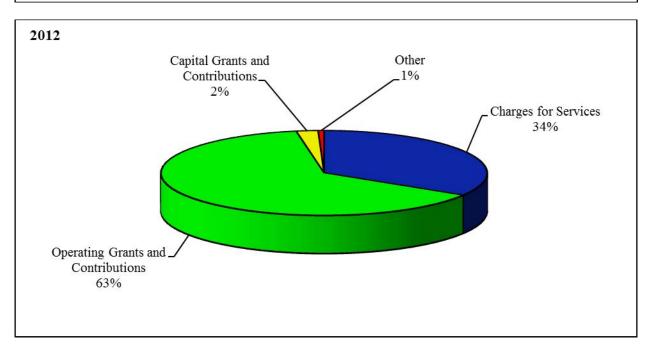
Figures A and B show further analysis of these revenue sources and expense functions:

Capital Grants and Contributions 2%

Capital Grants and Contributions 33%

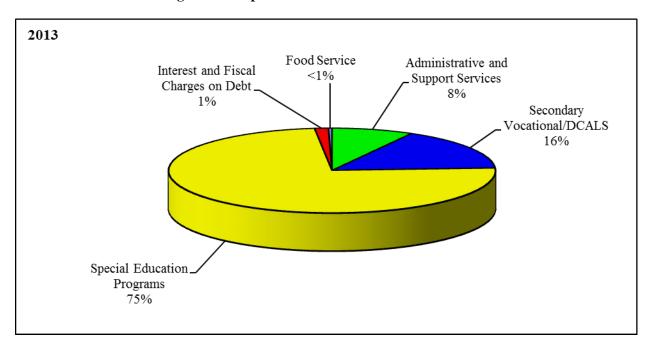
Operating Grants and Contributions 64%

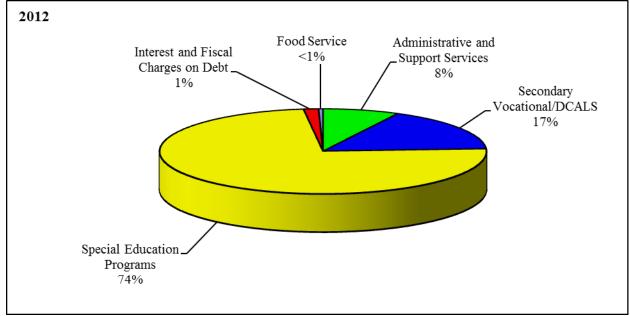
Figure A – Sources of Revenue for Fiscal Years 2013 and



The largest share of the District's revenue is received from the state, including the aid formula and most of the operating grants. This significant reliance on the state for funding has placed tremendous pressure on local school districts as a result of limited funding due to the state's financial position in recent years.

Figure B – Expenses for Fiscal Years 2013 and 2012





The District's expenses are predominately related to educating students. Programs (or functions) such as vocational education instruction and special education instruction are directly related to classroom instruction, while the rest of the programs support instruction and other necessary costs to operate the District.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities
for the Years Ending June 30, 2013 and 2012

	2013			20	)12	
	Total Cost Reven				I	(Expense) Revenue m Services
Governmental activities						
Administrative and support services	\$ 1,998,96	59 \$	(218,313)	\$ 1,765,768	\$	(101,874)
Secondary vocational/DCALS	3,962,64	17	252,714	3,875,566		648,161
Special education programs	18,097,10	)3	(563,588)	17,292,500		(490,901)
Food service	85,77	19	(18,630)	101,616		(23,626)
Interest and fiscal charges	335,88	35	(335,885)	344,925		(344,925)
Total	\$ 24,480,38	33 \$	(883,702)	\$ 23,380,375	\$	(313,165)

The overall net (expense) revenue from service was \$570,537 more than fiscal 2012 as the operations of the Secondary Education Account experienced a decline in fund balance in the amount of \$311,841, which compares to an increase in fund balance in fiscal 2012 of \$257,243.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Table 4 shows the change in total fund balances of each of the District's governmental funds:

Table 4 Governmental Fund Balances as of June 30, 2013 and 2012						
	2013	2012	Increase (Decrease)	Total Percent Change		
Major funds General Capital Projects – Building	\$ 5,704,625	\$ 6,350,614	\$ (645,989)	(10.2%)		
Construction Food Service Special Revenue	306,437	470,621	(164,184)	(34.9%)		
Total governmental funds	\$ 6,011,062	\$ 6,821,235	\$ (810,173)	(11.9%)		

As previously discussed, the focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the District itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the District's School Board.

Table 5
Average Daily Membership (ADM) Served

			Fiscal Year		
	2008–2009	2009–2010	2010–2011	2011–2012	2012–2013
Secondary Vocational resource programs DCALs Special Education resource programs	146.32 245.88 417.12	121.05 260.74 425.02	120.33 237.38 424.71	118.72 257.37 354.56	117.37 203.78 361.66

Funding for Minnesota school districts is largely driven by enrollment. In the current economic environment, member districts are striving to keep their students at their sites whenever possible. Overall, enrollment has declined significantly in our Dakota County Alternative Learning (DCALs) programs, secondary vocational programs have experienced a slight decline over the last five years, and special education programs are starting to rebound after the closing of the Youth Transition Program at the end of the 2010–2011 fiscal year. Stable enrollment to maintain and fund programs will continue to be especially challenging in the Alternative Learning and Secondary Vocational Programs.

#### GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used by the District to record the primary operations of providing education services to students enrolled in intermediate school district programs. Capital and major maintenance projects are also included in the General Fund.

Table 6 Financial Position – General Fund Last Five Fiscal Years					
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Unassigned (formerly unreserved – undesignated) fund balance	\$ 2,946,371	\$ 4,186,226	\$ 4,909,422	\$ 4,785,805	\$ 4,082,678
Percent increase (decrease)	(5.7%)	42.1%	17.3%	(2.5%)	(14.7%)
Expenditures	\$20,265,523	\$21,782,997	\$22,415,586	\$23,279,218	\$24,282,947
Percent increase (decrease)	7.2%	7.5%	2.9%	3.9%	4.3%
Fund balance as a percentage of expenditures	14.5%	19.2%	21.9%	20.6%	16.8%

The District ended the year with a \$645,989 decrease in the General Fund balance. This decrease is \$135,918 more than what was anticipated in the revised budget. The District projected a decrease in the fund balance of \$510,071. Secondary program's fund balance declined \$8,274 more than anticipated due to slight decline of ADM's from estimates. The special education program's fund balance declined \$156,009 more than anticipated due to lower than anticipated final fiscal year 2012 and estimated fiscal year 2013 state aid revenue. In the General Fund Capital Expenditure Account, deferred maintenance for Alliance Education Center came in lower than anticipated, resulting in a fund balance decrease of \$62,023, which was anticipated to have decreased \$90,600.

Table 7 presents a summary of General Fund revenue:

Table 7 General Fund Revenue for the Years Ended June 30, 2013 and 2012					
	2013	2012	Amount of Increase (Decrease)		
Local sources Tuition	\$ 7,798,778	\$ 7,755,576	\$ 43,202		
Investment earnings	29,459	29,406	53		
Other	695,438	665,656	29,782		
State sources	14,971,337	14,303,993	667,344		
Federal sources	155,577	370,441	(214,864)		
Total General Fund revenues	\$ 23,650,589	\$ 23,125,072	\$ 525,517		

Total General Fund revenues increased \$525,517, or 2.3 percent, in fiscal 2013 as compared to the previous year. Overall, the changes in revenues can be attributed to:

- The District experienced an increase in enrollment in special education programs in combination with expenditures resulting in an increase in state revenue sources through tuition billing.
- The District's federal sources decreased from the prior year with the discontinuance of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act funding and the District is no longer receiving the Education Jobs grant in the current year.

Table 8 presents a summary of General Fund expenditures:

Table 8 General Fund Expenditures for the Years Ended June 30, 2013 and 2012								
	2013	2012	Amount of Increase (Decrease)					
	2013	2012	(Decrease)					
Salaries	\$ 14,547,517	\$ 13,979,499	\$ 568,018					
Employee benefits	5,361,573	5,023,232	338,341					
Purchased services	2,843,249	2,474,014	369,235					
Supplies and materials	680,229	845,272	(165,043)					
Other expenditures	25,595	21,301	4,294					
Capital expenditures	266,408	378,655	(112,247)					
Debt service	558,376	557,245	1,131					
Total General Fund expenditures	\$ 24,282,947	\$ 23,279,218	\$ 1,003,729					

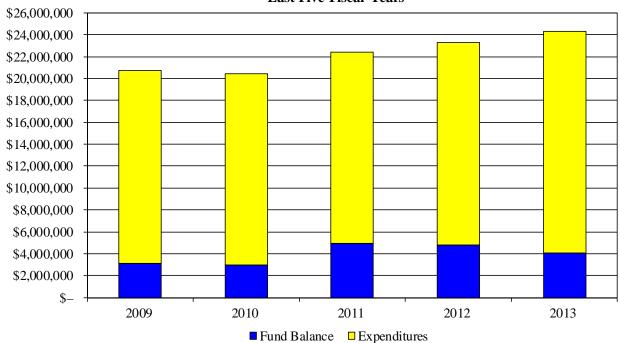
Total General Fund expenditures increased \$1,003,729, or 4.3 percent, from previous year. Overall, the changes in expenditures can be attributed to:

- The District's average salary and benefit increase in union contract settlements for fiscal 2013 were approximately 3 percent. In addition, we increased our paraprofessional compliments by 12 paraprofessionals. Teachers' Retirement Association benefits increased from 6.5 percent to 7.0 percent, and an increase in family medical coverage participation resulting in benefit expenditure increases.
- Substitutes for our special education programs changed in the middle of the fiscal year from hiring them directly to contracting substitutes through an agency resulting in a decrease in salaries and an increase in purchased services expenditures. In addition, social workers were added under a contract with an outside agency on behalf of the District's member school districts.
- Supplies and materials expenditures decreased significantly; in fiscal 2012 the special education program purchased science curriculum, additional read 180 curriculum modules, and technology to enhance the curriculum in the District.

In summary, 2012–2013 General Fund revenues and other financing sources fell short of General Fund expenditures by \$645,989. As a result, total fund balance decreased to \$5,704,625 at June 30, 2013. After deducting nonspendable, restricted, and assigned funds, the unassigned fund balance decreased from \$4,785,805 at June 30, 2012 to \$4,082,678 at June 30, 2013.

The following shows the General Fund unassigned (formerly unreserved – undesignated) fund balance as compared to expenditures:

Figure C
General Fund
Unassigned (Formerly Unreserved – Undesignated)
Fund Balance as Compared to Expenditures
(Excludes Capital Outlay Expenditures)
Last Five Fiscal Years



The graph above is the single best measure of overall financial health. The unassigned fund balance of \$4.1 million at June 30, 2013 represents 16.8 percent of annual expenditures (excluding outlay expenditures), or over two months of school year operations. The fund balances of an intermediate school district are key to its financial success as the cash flow advance options available to intermediate school districts are more restrictive to access as an independent school district. In addition, the District maintains a healthy fund balance at a time when it is needed to maintain cash flow with unpredictable nature of when the state of Minnesota employs funding payment shifts to balance the state budget. The continued maintenance of a fund balance is essential for the District to minimize the impact that cash flow borrowing would have to member districts who would have to back any cash flow debt incurred by the Intermediate. With a metering system and limited cash flow borrowing options available, the District believes it is necessary to maintain a minimum fund balance of 15 percent of annual expenditures to assure financial stability. The District continues to monitor its fund balances closely.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Table 9 summarizes the General Fund budget to actual comparison:

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Final Budget
Revenue and other financing sources	\$ 25,255,514	\$ 24,823,191	\$ 23,655,588	\$ (1,167,603)
Expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 25,502,516	\$ 25,333,262	\$ 24,301,577	\$ (1,031,685)

The District is required to adopt an operating budget prior to the beginning of its fiscal year, referred to above as the original budget. During the year, the District might amend that budget for known changes in circumstances such as enrollment levels, grant funding, and employee contract settlements.

The District made revisions to the budget during the budget process in January. The District derives the majority of its revenue from tuition fees to member districts and state sources from the special education tuition billing system.

The District's revenues and other financing sources were less than budgeted amounts by 4.7 percent due to several factors. The District's anticipated revenues are determined by actual expenditures incurred, which came in under budget by about \$1.0 million resulting in revenue budgets coming in under budget. In addition, the District is conservatively anticipating that the special education tuition revenues are no longer exceeding the special education expenditure budgets like they were in fiscal years 2009 to 2011.

The District's expenditures and other financing uses were less than budgeted amounts by 4 percent due to several factors. Overall, the District's salary and benefit expenditures came in significantly lower than budget because the budget included additional staffing compliments in targeted services and special education programs to accommodate any increased student participation. In addition, the District budgeted conservatively in several areas, including maintenance and repair services, leases, utilities, mileage, and overhead expenditures incurred through shared space with Dakota County Technical College.

#### **BUILDING CONSTRUCTION – CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND**

Expenditures exceeded revenues by \$164,184 for the year due to the remodeling project at Cedar School. The fund balance in this fund is restricted for capital projects.

#### FOOD SERVICE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Expenditures exceeded revenues by \$18,630 for the year. In order to eliminate the potential deficit in the Food Service Special Revenue Fund, the School Board approved a transfer of \$18,630 from the General Fund.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

#### **Capital Assets**

Table 10 shows the District's capital assets, together with changes from the previous year. The table also shows the total depreciation expense for fiscal years ending June 30, 2013 and :

	Table 10 Capital Assets		
	2013	2012	Net Change
Land Buildings Furniture and equipment Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 683,993 8,732,533 4,133,771 (6,108,948)	\$ 683,993 8,732,533 4,168,070 (5,978,521)	\$ - (34,299) (130,427)
Total	\$ 7,441,349	\$ 7,606,075	\$ (164,726)
Depreciation expense	\$ 270,333	\$ 298,431	\$ (28,098)

#### **Long-Term Liabilities**

Table 11 illustrates the components of the District's long-term liabilities, together with changes from the prior year:

Table 11 Outstanding Long-Term Liabilities								
		2013		2012		Increase Decrease)		
Capital leases payable Unamortized discount Severance benefits payable Compensated absences payable Net OPEB obligation	\$	7,550,000 (135,475) 563,628 240,080 700,338	\$	7,775,000 (141,851) 509,101 229,419 578,192	\$	(225,000) 6,376 54,527 10,661 122,146		
Total	\$	8,918,571	\$	8,949,861	\$	(31,290)		

Additional details on the District's capital assets and long-term debt activity can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

#### SEVERANCE AND OPEB BENEFITS INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

The District has an annual obligation to pay post-employment benefits, including severance benefits and OPEB. Accordingly, the District established an Internal Service Fund and adopted a plan to finance the payment of these benefits as earned in accordance with governmental accounting standards. The Internal Service Fund will be used to finance the post-employment severance benefits and OPEB provided by all of the departments and funds of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis.

#### FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

The District is charged by Minnesota Statutes to provide low incidence special education and secondary vocational technical education services to its member districts. In addition, the statutes indicate that intermediate districts should also provide its members with such other services that they require.

The District is continually reviewing additional areas of service to provide its members, area school districts, and other area agencies.

Current examples of support services include:

- Providing a legal services option to member districts at below market rates.
- Partnering with Independent School District Nos. 197 and 199 to operate Dakota County Area Learning School North in West St. Paul.
- Providing the needed secondary alternative learning option to qualify a targeted services program for Independent School District Nos. 192, 197, 199, and 271.
- Organize and facilitate regional networking meetings for administrator and support staff groups.

- Coordinating regional studies of potential shared services, such as transportation or utilizing revenue sources for mental health services.
- Collaborate with other intermediate districts and the Association of Metropolitan School Districts to advocate for legislation action to assist district services.

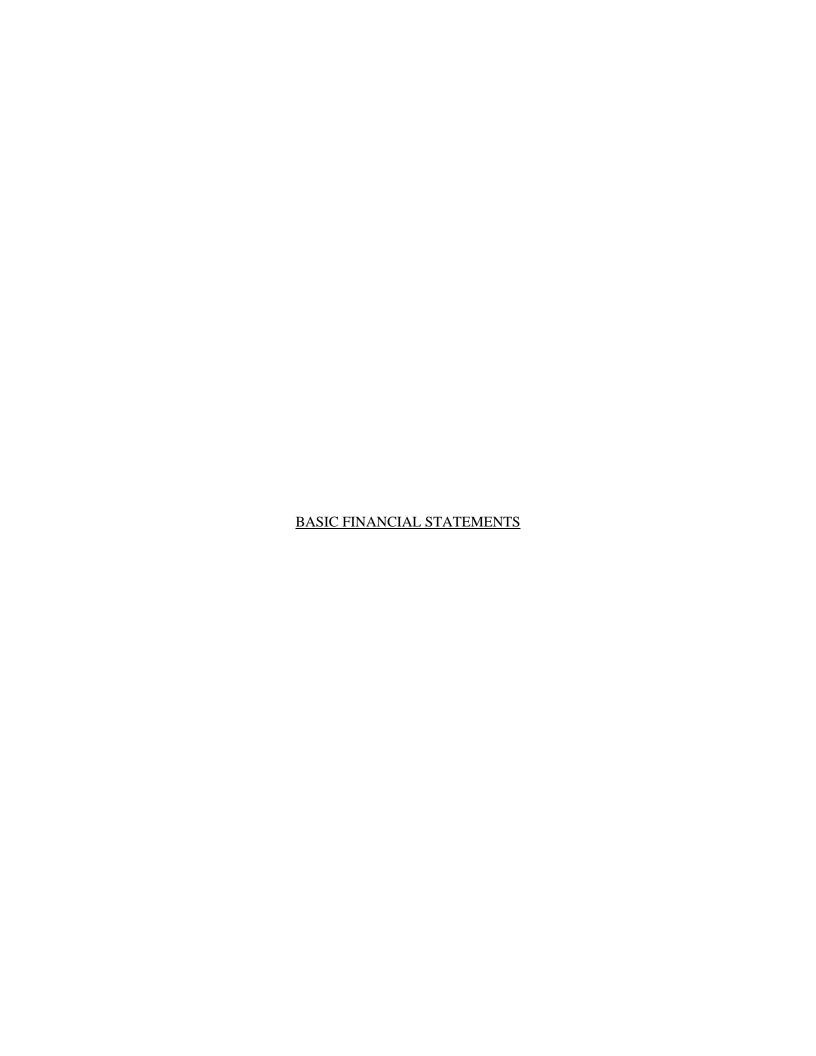
The District is also aware of a number of existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- The inability of Congress to agree on educational funding or the reauthorization of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act and the looming possibility of sequestration of federal education funding creates an uncertain revenue picture going forward for federal education revenue.
- The state of Minnesota has an improving fiscal forecast, but the funding increases for education are still less than inflation. Funding shifts for school aid have improved going to a 90–10 in 2014 instead of 86.4–13.6 in 2013 which improves cash flow for schools. Since educational funding makes up a significant portion of the state budget, schools can expect the fiscal climate for the near future to remain modest with little recovery from the pressures of inflation.
- Districts received an increase in the general education formula for fiscal year 2013 of \$50 per adjusted marginal cost pupil unit (AMCPU), along with a slight increase in some other areas of categorical revenues. In fiscal 2014, school districts will receive an additional increase of \$78 per AMCPU, or 1.5 percent, and will receive another \$504, incorporating significant adjustments in pupil units in fiscal 2015, resulting in an equivalent 1.5 percent increase over fiscal 2013.
- The District has relatively good fund balances.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Intermediate School District No. 917, 1300 – 145th Street East, Rosemount, Minnesota 55068-2999.





### Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2013

(With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2012)

	Governmental Activities				
	2013	2012			
Assets	Φ 4.007.020	Φ 022.524			
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 4,097,838	\$ 933,534			
Receivables	46.000	24 200			
Accounts and interest	46,232	24,380			
Due from other governmental units	4,791,308	8,217,431			
Inventory	51,154	8,205			
Prepaid items	30,065	98,594			
Restricted assets – temporarily restricted					
Cash and investments held by trustee	610,067	591,933			
Capital assets					
Not depreciated	683,993	683,993			
Depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation	6,757,356	6,922,082			
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	7,441,349	7,606,075			
Total assets	\$ 17,068,013	\$ 17,480,152			
Liabilities					
Salaries and compensated absences payable	\$ 1,737,543	\$ 1,638,358			
Accounts and contracts payable	56,358	154,460			
Accrued interest payable	135,040	138,907			
Due to other governmental units	894,512	542,587			
Unearned revenue	164,859	137,262			
Long-term liabilities					
Due within one year	423,590	360,322			
Due in more than one year	8,494,981	8,589,539			
Total long-term liabilities	8,918,571	8,949,861			
Total liabilities	11,906,883	11,561,435			
Net position					
Net investment in capital assets	636,891	425,952			
Restricted for capital projects	1,092,357	1,336,698			
Restricted for other purposes	34,589				
Unrestricted	3,397,293	4,156,067			
Total net position	5,161,130	5,918,717			
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 17,068,013	\$ 17,480,152			

## Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2013 (With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2012)

				20	013						2012
									Net	t (Expense)	Net (Expense)
									Re	venue and	Revenue and
									C	hanges in	Changes in
				P	rogra	ım Revenue	S		Ne	et Position	Net Position
			Indirect		О	perating		Capital			
		]	Expense	Charges for	G	rants and	G	rants and	Go	vernmental	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Α	llocation	Services	Coı	ntributions	Co	ntributions		Activities	Activities
Governmental activities Administrative and											
support services Secondary vocational/	\$ 1,998,969	\$(	1,295,041)	\$ 450,719	\$	12,924	\$	21,972	\$	(218,313)	\$ (101,874)
DCALS	3,962,647		234,507	3,663,269		228,223		558,376		252,714	648,161
Special education	19 007 102		1 060 524	2.710.026	1	4 002 122				(5/2 500)	(400,001)
programs	18,097,103		1,060,534	3,710,926	1	4,883,123		_		(563,588)	(490,901)
Food service Interest and fiscal	85,779		_	14,146		53,003		_		(18,630)	(23,626)
charges on debt	335,885		_			_		_		(335,885)	(344,925)
Total governmental											
activities	\$24,480,383	\$		\$7,839,060	\$1	5,177,273	\$	580,348		(883,702)	(313,165)
				General reven	ues						
				Other genera	al rev	enues				96,458	106,110
				Investment e	earnin	ngs				29,657	30,037
				Total gene	ral re	evenues				126,115	136,147
				Change in	net p	osition				(757,587)	(177,018)
				Net position –	begii	nning				5,918,717	6,095,735
				Net position –	endii	ng			\$	5,161,130	\$ 5,918,717

#### Balance Sheet Governmental Funds as of June 30, 2013

(With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2012)

		P	Capital Projects – Building	Fu	major nd – Service				
			nstruction		ecial	Total Governmental Fund			
	General Fund		Fund		ue Fund	2013		2012	
Assets									
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 2,886,578	\$	438,266	\$	_	\$ 3,324,844	\$	475,566	
Cash and investments held by trustee	610,067		_		_	610,067		591,933	
Receivables									
Accounts and interest	45,203		_		_	45,203		24,380	
Due from other governmental units	4,790,282		_		1,026	4,791,308		8,217,431	
Due from other funds	1,026		_		_	1,026		_	
Inventory	51,154		_		_	51,154		8,205	
Prepaid items	29,556					29,556		98,594	
Total assets	\$ 8,413,866	\$	438,266	\$	1,026	\$ 8,853,158	\$	9,416,109	
Liabilities									
Salaries and compensated absences									
payable	\$ 1,737,543	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 1,737,543	\$	1,638,358	
Accounts and contracts payable	44,156		_		_	44,156		124,654	
Due to other governmental units	762,683		131,829		_	894,512		542,587	
Due to other funds	_		_		1,026	1,026		152,013	
Unearned revenue	164,859		_		_	164,859		137,262	
Total liabilities	2,709,241		131,829		1,026	2,842,096		2,594,874	
Fund balances									
Nonspendable	80,710		_		_	80,710		106,799	
Restricted	1,430,576		306,437		_	1,737,013		1,928,631	
Assigned	110,661		_		_	110,661		_	
Unassigned	4,082,678		_		_	4,082,678		4,785,805	
Total fund balances	5,704,625		306,437		_	6,011,062		6,821,235	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 8,413,866	\$	438,266	\$	1,026	\$ 8,853,158	\$	9,416,109	

#### Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds as of June 30, 2013

(With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2012)

	2013	2012
Total fund balances – governmental funds	\$ 6,011,062	\$ 6,821,235
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets are included in net position, but are excluded from fund balances because they do not represent financial resources.		
Cost of capital assets	13,550,297	13,584,596
Accumulated depreciation	(6,108,948)	(5,978,521)
Long-term liabilities are included in net position, but are excluded from fund balances until due and payable.		
Capital lease payable	(7,550,000)	(7,775,000)
Compensated absences payable	(240,080)	(229,419)
Accrued interest payable on long-term debt is included in net position, but is excluded from fund balances until due and payable.	(135,040)	(138,907)
Debt issuance premiums and discounts are excluded from net position until amortized, but are included in fund balances upon issuance as other financing sources and uses.	135,475	141,851
The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	(501,636)	(507,118)
	(001,000)	(507,110)
Total net position – governmental activities	\$ 5,161,130	\$ 5,918,717

#### Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2013

(With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2012)

		Capital Nonmajo Projects – Fund –			
		Building	Food Service		
		Construction	Special	Total Govern	mental Funds
	General Fund	Fund	Revenue Fund	2013	2012
Revenue					
Local sources					
Tuition	\$ 7,798,778	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,798,778	\$ 7,755,576
Investment earnings	29,459	198	_	29,657	29,701
Other	695,438	_	14,146	709,584	680,356
State sources	14,971,337	_	3,058	14,974,395	14,307,649
Federal sources	155,577		49,945	205,522	430,075
Total revenue	23,650,589	198	67,149	23,717,936	23,203,357
Expenditures					
Current					
Administrative and support services	601,294	_	_	601,294	474,362
Secondary vocational/DCALS	4,227,288	_	_	4,227,288	4,100,921
Special education programs	18,895,989	_	_	18,895,989	18,146,690
Food service	_	_	85,779	85,779	101,616
Capital outlay	_	164,382	_	164,382	206,356
Debt service					
Principal	225,000	_	_	225,000	215,000
Interest and fiscal charges	333,376	_	_	333,376	342,245
Total expenditures	24,282,947	164,382	85,779	24,533,108	23,587,190
Excess (deficiency) of revenue					
over expenditures	(632,358)	(164,184)	(18,630)	(815,172)	(383,833)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Proceeds from sale of assets	4,999	_	_	4,999	9,368
Transfers in	_	_	18,630	18,630	23,626
Transfers out	(18,630)	_	_	(18,630)	(23,626)
Total other financing sources					
(uses)	(13,631)		18,630	4,999	9,368
Net change in fund balances	(645,989)	(164,184)	_	(810,173)	(374,465)
Fund balances					
Beginning of year	6,350,614	470,621		6,821,235	7,195,700
End of year	\$ 5,704,625	\$ 306,437	\$ _	\$ 6,011,062	\$ 6,821,235

See notes to basic financial statements

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2013 (With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2012)

	2013	 2012
Total net change in fund balances – governmental funds	\$ (810,173)	\$ (374,465)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are recorded as net position and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. However, fund balances are reduced for the full cost of capital outlays at the time of purchase.		
Capital outlays	105,752	187,311
Depreciation expense	(270,333)	(298,431)
Repayment of long-term debt does not affect the change in net position. However, it reduces fund balances.	225,000	215,000
Interest on long-term debt is included in the change in net position as it accrues, regardless of when payment is due. However, it is included in the change in fund balances when due.	3,867	3,696
Debt issuance premiums and discounts are included in the change in net position as they are amortized over the life of the debt. However, they are included in the change in fund balances upon issuance as other financing sources and uses.	(6,376)	(6,376)
A gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets, including the difference between the carrying value and any related sale proceeds, is included in the change in net position. However, only the sale proceeds are included in the change in fund balances.		
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(145)	(9,088)
The internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Activities.	5,482	103,412
Certain expenses are included in the change in net position, but do not require the use of current funds, and are not included in the change in fund balances.		
Compensated absences payable	 (10,661)	 1,923
Change in net position – governmental activities	\$ (757,587)	\$ (177,018)

## Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Budgeted	Amounts		Over (Under)		
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget		
D						
Revenue Local sources						
	¢ 0.251.510	¢ 7.041.400	¢ 7.700.770	¢ (42.704)		
Tuition	\$ 8,251,519	\$ 7,841,482	\$ 7,798,778	\$ (42,704)		
Investment earnings	9,500	19,300	29,459	10,159		
Other	640,987	736,385	695,438	(40,947)		
State sources	16,202,421	16,062,890	14,971,337	(1,091,553)		
Federal sources	151,087	163,134	155,577	(7,557)		
Total revenue	25,255,514	24,823,191	23,650,589	(1,172,602)		
Expenditures						
Current						
Administrative and support services	552,686	625,743	601,294	(24,449)		
Secondary vocational/DCALS	4,452,464	4,410,601	4,227,288	(183,313)		
Special education programs	19,915,240	19,714,792	18,895,989	(818,803)		
Debt service	->,>,-	,,	,,,-	(0-0,000)		
Principal	225,000	225,000	225,000	_		
Interest and fiscal charges	333,376	333,376	333,376	_		
Total expenditures	25,478,766	25,309,512	24,282,947	(1,026,565)		
r			<del></del>	( , , - , - ,		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue						
over expenditures	(223,252)	(486,321)	(632,358)	(146,037)		
	( -, - ,	(	( ,,	( -,,		
Other financing sources (uses)						
Proceeds from sale of assets	_	_	4,999	4,999		
Transfers out	(23,750)	(23,750)	(18,630)	5,120		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(23,750)	(23,750)	(13,631)	10,119		
Net change in fund balances	\$ (247,002)	\$ (510,071)	(645,989)	\$ (135,918)		
Fund balances						
Beginning of year			6,350,614			
End of year			\$ 5,704,625			

#### Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds Internal Service Funds as of June 30, 2013

(With Comparative Actual Amounts as of June 30, 2012)

	2013	2012
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 772,994	\$ 457,968
Accounts receivable	1,029	_
Due from other funds	_	152,013
Prepaid items	509	
Total current assets	774,532	609,981
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts and contracts payable	12,202	29,806
Severance benefits payable	98,380	20,542
Total current liabilities	110,582	50,348
Long-term liabilities		
Net OPEB obligation	700,338	578,192
Severance benefits payable	465,248	488,559
Total long-term liabilities	1,165,586	1,066,751
Total liabilities	1,276,168	1,117,099
Net position (deficit)		
Unrestricted	\$ (501,636)	\$ (507,118)

# Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2013

	2013			2012		
Operating revenue						
Local sources						
Contributions from governmental funds	\$	525,048	\$	553,024		
Operating expenses						
Post-employment severance and health benefits		226,441		148,971		
Dental benefit claims		293,463		300,977		
Total operating expenses		519,904		449,948		
Operating income		5,144		103,076		
Nonoperating revenue						
Investment earnings		338		336		
Change in net position		5,482		103,412		
Net position (deficit)						
Beginning of year		(507,118)		(610,530)		
End of year	\$	(501,636)	\$	(507,118)		

#### Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2013

		2013	2012		
Cash flows from operating activities	Φ	525 040	¢	552 004	
Contributions from other funds	\$	525,048	\$	553,024	
Post-employment severance and health benefit payments		(42,083)		(37,185)	
Payments for dental claims		(320,290)		(278,096)	
Net cash used by operating activities		162,675		237,743	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities					
Cash received by (paid to) other funds		152,013		(152,013)	
Cash flows from investing activities					
Investment income received		338		336	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		315,026		86,066	
Cash and temporary investments					
Beginning of year		457,968		371,902	
End of year	\$	772,994	\$	457,968	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided					
by operating activities					
Operating income	\$	5,144	\$	103,076	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided					
by operating activities					
Changes in assets and liabilities					
Post-employment severance benefits payable		54,527		(39,523)	
Net OPEB obligation		122,146		151,309	
Account receivable		(1,029)		_	
Prepaid items		(509)		_	
Accounts payable		(17,604)		22,881	
Net cash used by operating activities	\$	162,675	\$	237,743	

### Statement of Fiduciary Net Position as of June 30, 2013

	te-Purpose ast Fund
Assets Cash and temporary investments	\$ 2,855
Net position Held in trust for scholarships	\$ 2,855
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2013	
	te-Purpose ast Fund
Additions Gifts and bequests	\$ 2,025
Deductions Scholarships	385
Change in net position	1,640
Net position Beginning of year	 1,215
End of year	\$ 2,855

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2013

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Organization

Intermediate School District No. 917 (the District) is an instrumentality of the state of Minnesota established to provide participating school districts with vocational, technical, and special education services. The District is governed by a joint School Board composed of appointed members from each participating school district. The District's financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### **B.** Reporting Entity

The District's financial statements include all funds, departments, agencies, boards, commissions, and other component units for which the District is considered to be financially accountable.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the District (primary government) is financially accountable, or for which the exclusion of the component unit would render the financial statements of the primary government misleading. The criteria used to determine if the primary government is financially accountable for a component unit includes whether or not the primary government appoints the voting majority of the potential component unit's governing body, is able to impose its will on the potential component unit, is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the potential component unit, or is fiscally depended upon by the potential component unit. Based on these criteria, there are no organizations considered to be component units of the District.

Extracurricular student activities are determined primarily by student participants under the guidance of an adult and are generally conducted outside of school hours. In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, the District's School Board has not elected to control or be otherwise financially accountable with respect to the underlying extracurricular activities. Accordingly, the extracurricular student activity accounts are not included in these financial statements.

#### C. Minnesota State Colleges and Universities

On July 1, 1995, Minnesota technical colleges, community colleges, and state universities were merged under the control of Minnesota State Colleges and Universities (MnSCU). Therefore, the funds and assets of the District associated with Dakota County Technical College's (DCTC) operations were remanded to the state system. The District continues to serve secondary, vocational, and kindergarten through Grade 12 special education students. Under terms of an agreement with DCTC, the District has access to certain facilities and equipment of DCTC. The District pays DCTC its share of building maintenance and costs of other services based on space, usage, personnel, and budget percentages. The District provides business office services to DCTC, and is reimbursed for related actual costs based on personnel, usage, and budget percentages.

#### D. Government-Wide Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the District, except for the fiduciary funds. The fiduciary funds are only reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position at the fund financial statement level. Generally, the effect of material interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other internally directed revenues are reported as general revenues.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available. Depreciation expense is included as a direct expense in the functional areas that utilize the related fixed assets. Interest on debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

#### E. Fund Financial Statement Presentation

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type: pension (or other benefit) trust, private-purpose trust, and agency. Since, by definition, fiduciary fund assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used for activities or obligations of the District, these funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

The internal service funds are presented in the proprietary fund financial statements. Because the principal users of the internal service funds are the District's governmental activities, the financial statements of the internal service funds are consolidated into the governmental column when presented in the government-wide financial statements. The cost of these services is reported in the appropriate functional activity.

Propriety funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the District's internal service funds are charges to customers for service. Operating expenses for the internal service funds include the cost of providing benefits. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The District's only propriety funds are the internal service funds, which provide services to the governmental funds.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting transactions are recorded in the following manner:

- 1. Revenue Recognition Revenue is recognized when it becomes measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Grants and similar items are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. State revenue is recognized in the year to which it applies according to funding formulas established by Minnesota Statutes. Federal revenue is recorded in the year in which the related expenditure is made. Other revenue is considered available if collected within 60 days. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.
- 2. Recording of Expenditures Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. In the General Fund, capital expenditures are included within the applicable functional areas.

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as described earlier in these notes.

#### **Description of Funds**

The existence of the various district funds has been established by the Minnesota Department of Education (MDE). Each fund is accounted for as an independent entity. A description of the funds included in this report is as follows:

#### **Major Governmental Funds**

**General Fund** – The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The District maintains separate accounts within the General Fund for secondary education, secondary resale activities, special education, special education resale activities, district support services, capital expenditures, and costs to be reimbursed by others.

**Capital Projects** – **Building Construction Fund** – The Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund is used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

#### **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

**Food Service Special Revenue Fund** – The Food Service Special Revenue Fund is primarily used to account for the District's child nutrition program.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

**Internal Service Funds** – The internal service funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The District has two internal service funds. The District's internal service funds include financing for post-employment severance benefits and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) and self-insurance of the employee dental insurance program.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

**Private-Purpose Trust Fund** – The Private-Purpose Trust Fund is used to account for resources held in trust to be used by various third parties to award scholarships to former students.

#### F. Budgetary Information

Each June, the School Board adopts an annual budget for the following fiscal year for all governmental funds. The budget for each fund is prepared on the same basis of accounting as the financial statements. Legal budgetary control is at the fund level. Budgeted expenditure appropriations lapse at year-end. Expenditures exceeded budgeted amounts by \$54,267 in the Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund.

#### G. Cash and Temporary Investments

Cash and temporary investments include balances from all funds that are combined and invested to the extent available in various securities as authorized by state law. Earnings from the pooled investments are allocated to the respective funds on the basis of applicable cash balance participation by each fund.

Cash and investments held by trustee include balances held in segregated accounts that are established for specific purposes. In the General Fund, the capital lease escrow account is used to hold assets held for future debt payments. Interest earned on these investments was allocated directly to those accounts.

Investments are generally stated at fair value, except for investments in 2a7-like external investment pools, which are stated at amortized cost. Short-term, highly liquid debt instruments (including commercial paper, bankers' acceptance, and U.S. treasury and agency obligations) purchased with a remaining maturity of one year or less are also reported at amortized cost. Investment income is accrued at the balance sheet date.

#### H. Receivables

When necessary, the District utilizes an allowance for uncollectible accounts to value its receivables. However, the District considers all of its current receivables to be collectible. No allowances have been recorded.

#### I. Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market. Inventories are recorded as expenses/expenditures when items are used or sold.

#### J. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items are recorded as expenses/expenditures at the time of consumption.

#### K. Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost for assets where actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The District maintains a threshold level of \$1,250 or more for capitalizing capital assets. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that does not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives is not capitalized.

Capital assets are recorded in the government-wide financial statements, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public school purposes by the District, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Useful lives vary from 20 to 50 years for buildings, and 5 to 20 years for furniture and equipment. Land is not depreciated.

The District does not possess any material amounts of infrastructure capital assets, such as sidewalks or parking lots. Such items are considered to be part of the cost of buildings or other improvable property.

#### L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Debt premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt using the straight-line method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize debt premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums or discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources or uses, respectively. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### M. Compensated Absences

Under the terms of union contracts, certain employees accrue vacation at varying rates, portions of which may be carried over to future years. Employees are reimbursed for any unused, accrued vacation and related benefits upon termination. Vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. Unused vacation pay is accrued in governmental fund financial statements only when it has matured due to employee termination or similar circumstances.

#### N. Sick Pay

Substantially all district employees are entitled to sick leave at various rates. Unused sick leave enters into the calculation of early retirement incentive payments for some employees upon termination.

#### O. Severance Benefits

The District provides lump sum severance pay to eligible employees in accordance with provisions in certain collectively bargained contracts. The benefits are described as follows:

Members of certain of the District's employee groups may become eligible to receive lump sum severance pay benefits. Eligibility for these benefits is based on years of service and/or minimum age requirements. The amount of the severance or retirement benefit is calculated by converting a portion of unused accumulated sick leave. No individual can receive severance benefits in excess of one year's salary. Severance payable and the District's share of related benefits are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements as it is earned and it becomes probable that it will vest at some point in the future. Severance pay is accrued in the applicable Internal Service Fund as it is earned and it becomes probable it will vest at some point in the future.

#### P. Risk Management

- 1. General Insurance The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and workers' compensation for which the District carries commercial insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There were no significant reductions in the District's insurance coverage in fiscal 2013.
- 2. Self-Insurance The District established an Internal Service Fund to account for and finance its uninsured risk of loss for its employee dental plan. Under this plan, the District provides coverage to participating employees and their dependants for various dental costs as described in the plan.

The District makes premium payments to the Internal Service Fund on behalf of program participants based on provisional rates determined by insurance company estimates of monthly claims paid for each coverage class, plus the stop-loss health insurance premium costs and administrative service charges.

District claim liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred, but not reported. Because actual claim liabilities depend on complex factors such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing a claim liability does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claim liabilities are evaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors.

Changes in the balance of dental claim liabilities were as follows:

				Current					
Fiscal Year	Beginning of Year Claims								
Ended		Fiscal		d Changes			Ва	alance at	
June 30,	Yea	r Liability	in Estimates		Clair	Claims Payments		Fiscal Year-End	
2012	\$	6,925	\$	300,977	\$	278,096	\$	29,806	
2013	\$	29,806	\$	267,665	\$	293,463	\$	4,008	

#### Q. Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considers all highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity from time of purchase by the District of three months or less to be cash equivalent. The proprietary fund's equity in the government-wide cash and investment management pool is considered to be cash equivalent.

#### **R.** Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### S. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are cash and cash equivalents whose use is limited by legal requirements such as a bond indenture. Restricted assets are reported only in the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, cash and investments that are restricted are reported as cash and investments held by trustee.

#### T. Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is displayed in three components:

- **Net Investment in Capital Assets** Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by any outstanding debt attributable to acquire capital assets.
- **Restricted Net Position** Consists of net position restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Unrestricted Net Position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

#### **U. Fund Balance Classifications**

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications that disclose constraints for which amounts in those funds can be spent. These classifications are as follows:

- **Nonspendable** Consists of amounts that are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items, inventory, and other long-term assets.
- **Restricted** Consists of amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors, or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.
- Committed Consists of internally imposed constraints that are established by resolution of the School Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.
- Assigned Consists of internally imposed constraints. These constraints consist of amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the governing body itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority. Pursuant to School Board resolution, the District's Superintendent and Business Manager are authorized to establish assignments of fund balance.
- **Unassigned** The residual classification for the General Fund, which also reflects negative residual amounts in other funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to first use restricted resources, then use unrestricted resources as they are needed.

When committed, assigned, or unassigned resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use resources in the following order: 1) committed, 2) assigned, and 3) unassigned.

#### V. Prior Period Comparative Financial Information/Reclassification

The financial statements include partial prior-year comparative information. Such information does not include all of the information required or sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2012, from which such partial information was derived. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior-year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

#### W. Changes in Accounting Principles

During the year ended June 30, 2013, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. GASB Statement No. 63 created two new financial statement elements, deferred outflows of resources (a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period) and deferred inflows of resources (an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period), which are distinct from assets and liabilities. It also defined net position as the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of net position (assets + deferred outflows of resources - liabilities - deferred inflows of resources = net position). GASB Statement No. 65 identified specific items previously reported as assets that will now be classified as either deferred outflows of resources or outflows (expenditures/expenses), and items previously reported as liabilities that will now be reported as either deferred inflows of resources or inflows (revenues).

#### **NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

#### A. Deposits

In accordance with applicable Minnesota Statutes, the District maintains deposits at depository banks authorized by the School Board, including checking accounts, savings accounts, and non-negotiable certificates of deposit.

The following is considered the most significant risk associated with deposits:

Custodial Credit Risk – In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may be lost.

Minnesota Statutes require that all deposits be protected by federal deposit insurance, corporate surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance or corporate surety bonds. Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes, and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standard letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral.

The District's deposit policies do not further limit depository choices.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$394,648, while the balance on the bank records was \$575,798. At June 30, 2013, all deposits were insured or collateralized by securities held by the District's agent in the District's name.

#### NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **B.** Investments

Investments are subject to various risks, the following of which are considered the most significant:

Custodial Credit Risk – For investments, this is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counterparty to an investment transaction (typically a broker-dealer) the District would not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Although the District's investment policies do not directly address custodial credit risk, it typically limits its exposure by purchasing insured or registered investments, or by the control of who holds the securities.

Credit Risk – This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Minnesota Statutes limit the District's investments to direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies; shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 that receive the highest credit rating, are rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and all of the investments have a final maturity of 13 months or less; general obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; general obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better; bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System; commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, rated of the highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing in 270 days or less; Guaranteed Investment Contracts guaranteed by a United States commercial bank, domestic branch of a foreign bank, or a United States insurance company, and with a credit quality in one of the top two highest categories; repurchase or reverse purchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000; that are a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York; or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers. The District's investment policies do not further restrict investing in specific financial instruments.

Concentration Risk – This is the risk associated with investing a significant portion of the District's investments (considered 5 percent or more) in the securities of a single issuer, excluding U.S. guaranteed investments (such as treasuries), investment pools, and mutual funds. The District's investment policies do not address concentration risk. At June 30, 2013, the District had 13.0 percent of its portfolio invested in a guaranteed investment contract with the Bank of Calyon, New York.

**Interest Rate Risk** – This is the risk of potential variability in the fair value of fixed rate investments resulting from changes in interest rates (the longer the period for which an interest rate is fixed, the greater the risk). The District's investment policies do not limit the maturities of investments; however, the District considers such things as interest rates and cash flow needs when purchasing investments.

#### NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### C. Summary

The following table presents the District's deposit and investment balances at June 30, 2013, and information relating to potential investment risks:

	Credi	t Risk	Interest Risk – Maturity Duration in Years				
			Less			More	
Investment Type	Rating	Agency	Than 1	1 to 5	5 to 10	Than 10	Total
Investment pools/mutual funds							
Minnesota School District Liquid							
Asset Fund	AAA	S&P	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ 3,706,045
First American Treasury							
Obligations Fund Class D	AAA	S&P	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	50,666
Guaranteed investment contract							
Calyon Bank, New York Branch	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ 559,401	559,401
							4,316,112
Deposits							394,648
Total cash and investments							\$ 4,710,760
N/A – Not Applicable							
Cash and investments are included of	on the bas	sic financ	cial staten	nents as f	follows:		
Cash and temporary investments – Statemen	t of Net Pos	sition					\$ 4,097,838
Cash and temporary investments held by trus			t Position				610,067
Cash and temporary investments – Statemen				ate-Purpose	Trust Fund		2,855
Total cash and investments							\$ 4,710,760

The Minnesota School District Liquid Asset Fund (MSDLAF) is regulated by Minnesota Statutes and is an external investment pool not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) that follows the same regulatory rules of the SEC under rule 2a7. The District's investment in the MSDLAF is measured at the net asset value per share provided by the pool, which is based on an amortized cost method that approximates fair value.

#### **NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital assets and accumulated depreciation activity for the year ended June 30, 2013 is as follows:

	Balance – Beginning of Year	Additions	Deletions	Balance – End of Year
Capital assets, not depreciated				
Land	\$ 683,993	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 683,993
Capital assets, depreciated				
Buildings	8,732,533	_	_	8,732,533
Furniture and equipment	4,168,070	105,752	140,051	4,133,771
Total capital assets, depreciated	12,900,603	105,752	140,051	12,866,304
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings	(2,549,249)	(134,731)	_	(2,683,980)
Furniture and equipment	(3,429,272)	(135,602)	(139,906)	(3,424,968)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,978,521)	(270,333)	(139,906)	(6,108,948)
Net capital assets, depreciated	6,922,082	(164,581)	145	6,757,356
Total capital assets, net	\$ 7,606,075	\$ (164,581)	\$ 145	\$ 7,441,349

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2013 was charged to the following governmental functions:

Administrative and support services	\$ 34,345
Secondary vocational/DCALS	18,176
Special education instruction	 217,812
Total depreciation expense	\$ 270,333

#### **NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

#### A. Components and Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following table describes the changes in long-term liabilities, including amounts due within one year:

	1 20 2012			ne 30, 2012 Additions Retirements					Due Within One Year	
	Ju	ne 30, 2012	P	aditions	Retirements		June 30, 2013			nie Tear
Capital leases payable	\$	7,775,000	\$	_	\$	225,000	\$	7,550,000	\$	235,000
Unamortized discount		(141,851)		_		(6,376)		(135,475)		_
Severance benefits payable		509,101		98,380		43,853		563,628		98,380
Compensated absences payable		229,419		100,871		90,210		240,080		90,210
Net OPEB obligation (see Note 7)		578,192		232,146		110,000		700,338		
	\$	8,949,861	\$	431,397	\$	462,687	\$	8,918,571	\$	423,590

#### **NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)**

#### **B.** Description of Long-Term Liabilities

- Capital Leases Payable In September 2007, the District entered into a capital lease agreement with the Dakota County Community Development Agency (DCCDA) to finance building construction. The DCCDA issued \$8,480,000 of lease revenue bonds to pay for these costs. The revenue bonds bear interest rates that range from 3.875 percent to 4.500 percent and have a final maturity of February 2034. The lease-purchase agreement requires the District to make semiannual payments beginning August 1, 2008 equal to the principal and interest due on the revenue bonds. Annual principal and interest payments on this lease will be paid by the General Fund. Tuition revenue in the Capital Expenditure General Fund Account from member districts specifically for this debt obligation for the duration of the debt obligation are pledged for the payment of principal and interest on this lease payable. As of June 30, 2013, the net book value of the capital lease was \$6,048,553.
- **Severance Benefits Payable** Severance benefits are paid by the applicable Internal Service Fund. Annual payments to retire severance benefit liabilities have not been determined and will depend on actual employee turnover.
- Compensated Absences Payable Compensated absences payable represent accrued vacation payable at year-end. Compensated absences are paid by the General Fund. These benefits are not funded until the year of payment. Annual payments to retire compensated absences payable will depend on employee turnover and actual employee absences.

#### C. Minimum Debt Payments

Minimum annual principal and interest payments required to retire capital leases payable are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest
2014	\$	235,000	\$	324,095
2015	Ψ	245,000	Ψ	314,401
2016		250,000		304,908
2017		260,000		295,220
2018		270,000		285,145
2019-2023		1,535,000		1,251,665
2024-2028		1,880,000		900,375
2029-2033		2,340,000		445,500
2034		535,000		12,038
	\$	7,550,000	\$	4,133,347

#### **NOTE 5 – FUND BALANCES**

The following is a breakdown of equity components of governmental funds which are defined earlier in the report.

#### A. Classifications

At June 30, 2013, a summary of the District's governmental fund balance classifications are as follows:

			Capital Projects – Building		Food Service Special			
	G	eneral Fund	Const	ruction Fund	Rever	nue Fund		Total
Nonspendable								
Prepaid items	\$	29,556	\$	_	\$	_	\$	29,556
Inventory		51,154						51,154
Total nonspendable		80,710		_		_		80,710
Restricted for								
Basic skills		34,589		_		_		34,589
Debt service		610,067		_		_		610,067
Capital purposes		785,920		306,437		_		1,092,357
Total restricted		1,430,576		306,437		_		1,737,013
Assigned for								
Subsequent year's								
budgeted deficit		110,661						110,661
Unassigned		4,082,678						4,082,678
Total	\$	5,704,625	\$	306,437	\$		\$	6,011,062

#### **B.** Minimum Unassigned Fund Balance Policy

The School Board has formally adopted a fund balance policy regarding maintaining a minimum unassigned fund balance for the General Fund. The policy states the District will strive to maintain a minimum unassigned General Fund balance of 15 percent of the annual budget. At June 30, 2013, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was 16.3 percent of fiscal 2014 budgeted expenditures.

#### NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE

Substantially all employees of the District are required by state law to belong to defined benefit, multi-employer, cost-sharing pension plans administered by the Teachers' Retirement Association (TRA) or Public Employees' Retirement Association (PERA), all of which are administered on a state-wide basis. Disclosures relating to these plans are as follows:

#### **Teachers' Retirement Association (TRA)**

#### A. Plan Description

All teachers employed by the District are covered by defined benefit plans administered by the TRA. TRA members belong to either the Coordinated or Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan members are not. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan. The plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 354 and 356

The TRA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members, and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by Minnesota Statutes and vest after three years of service credit. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five consecutive years of allowable service, age, and a formula multiplier based on years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for the TRA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. Members first employed before July 1, 1989 receive the greater of the Tier I or Tier II as described below:

#### Tier I

Step Rate Formula	Percentage per Year
<del>-</del>	
Basic Plan	
First 10 years	2.2 percent
All years after	2.7 percent
Coordinated Plan	
First 10 years if service years are prior to July 1, 2006	1.2 percent
First 10 years if service years are July 1, 2006 or after	1.4 percent
All other years of service if service years are prior to July 1, 2006	1.7 percent
All other years of service if service years are July 1, 2006 or after	1.9 percent

#### With these provisions:

- Normal retirement age is 65 with less than 30 years of allowable service and age 62 with 30 or more years of allowable service.
- Three percent per year early retirement reduction factor for all years under normal retirement age.
- Unreduced benefits for early retirement under a Rule-of-90 (age plus allowable service equals 90 or more).

#### NOTE 6 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

#### Tier II

For years of service prior to July 1, 2006, a level formula of 1.7 percent per year for Coordinated Plan members and 2.7 percent per year for Basic Plan members. For years of service July 1, 2006 and after, a level formula of 1.9 percent per year for Coordinated Plan members and 2.7 percent for Basic Plan members applies. Actuarially equivalent early retirement reduction factors with augmentation are used for early retirement before the normal age of 65. These reduction factors average approximately 4–5.4 percent per year.

Members first employed after June 30, 1989 receive only the Tier II calculation with a normal retirement age that is their retirement age for full Social Security retirement benefits, but not to exceed age 66.

Six different types of annuities are available to members upon retirement. The No Refund Life Plan is a lifetime annuity that ceases upon the death of the retiree—no survivor annuity is payable. A retiring member may also choose to provide survivor benefits to a designated beneficiary(ies) by selecting one of the five plans that have survivorship features. Vested members may also leave their contributions in the TRA Fund upon termination of service in order to qualify for a deferred annuity at retirement age. Any member terminating service is eligible for a refund of their employee contributions plus interest.

The benefit provisions stated apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but not receiving them are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

The TRA publicly issues a comprehensive annual financial report presenting financial statements, supplemental information on funding levels, investment performance, and further information on benefits provisions. The report may be accessed at the TRA website at www.minnesotatra.org. Alternatively, a copy of the report may be obtained by writing the TRA at Teachers' Retirement Association, 60 Empire Drive, Suite 400, St. Paul, Minnesota 55103-4000 or by calling (651) 296–2409 or (800) 657–3669.

#### **B.** Funding Policy

Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 354 sets the rates for employee and employer contributions. These statutes are established and amended by the State Legislature. Coordinated and Basic Plan members are required to contribute 6.5 percent and 10.0 percent, respectively, of their annual covered salary during fiscal year 2013 as employee contributions. The TRA employer contribution rates are 6.5 percent for Coordinated Plan members and 10.5 percent for Basic Plan members during fiscal year 2013. Total covered payroll salaries for all TRA members state-wide during the fiscal years June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were approximately \$3.87 billion, \$3.84 billion, and \$3.79 billion, respectively.

The District's contributions for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$597,607, \$536,038, and \$486,766, respectively, equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by state statutes.

The 2010 Legislature approved employee and employer contribution rate increases to be phased-in over a four-year period beginning July 1, 2011. Employee and employer contribution rates will rise 0.5 percent on July 1 of each year of the four-year period. Beginning July 1, 2014, TRA Coordinated Plan employee and employer contribution rates will each be 7.5 percent.

#### NOTE 6 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

#### **Public Employees' Retirement Association (PERA)**

#### A. Plan Description

All non-teacher full-time and certain part-time employees of the District are covered by defined benefit plans administered by the PERA. The PERA administers the General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF), which is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plan. This plan is established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 353 and 356.

GERF members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan members are not. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan.

The PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members, and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by state statutes, and vest after three years of credited service. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for the PERA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2 percent of average salary for each of the first 10 years of service and 2.7 percent for each remaining year. The annuity accrual rate for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first 10 years and 1.7 percent for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7 percent of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. For all GERF members hired prior to July 1, 1989 whose annuity is calculated using Method 1, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90. Normal retirement age is 65 for Basic and Coordinated members hired prior to July 1, 1989. Normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66 for Coordinated members hired on or after July 1, 1989. A reduced retirement annuity is also available to eligible members seeking early retirement.

There are different types of annuities available to members upon retirement. A single-life annuity is a lifetime annuity that ceases upon the death of the retiree—no survivor annuity is payable. There are also various types of joint and survivor annuity options available which will be payable over joint lives. Members may also leave their contributions in the fund upon termination of public service in order to qualify for a deferred annuity at retirement age. Refunds of contributions are available at any time to members who leave public service, but before retirement benefits begin.

The benefit provisions stated in the previous paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

The PERA issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the GERF. That report may be obtained on the PERA website at www.mnpera.org by writing to the PERA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200, St. Paul, Minnesota 55103-2088; or by calling (651) 296–7460 or (800) 652–9026.

#### NOTE 6 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

#### **B.** Funding Policy

Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. These statutes are established and amended by the State Legislature. The District makes annual contributions to the pension plans equal to the amount required by state statutes. The GERF Basic Plan members and Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 9.1 percent and 6.25 percent, respectively, of their annual covered salary in fiscal 2013. In fiscal 2013, the District was required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered payroll: 11.78 percent for Basic Plan members and 7.25 percent for Coordinated Plan members.

The District's contributions to the GERF for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$368,169, \$346,433, and \$307,426, respectively. The District's contributions were equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by state statutes.

#### NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN

#### A. Plan Description

The District provides post-employment benefits to certain eligible employees through the District's OPEB Plan, a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. All post-employment benefits are based on contractual agreements with employee groups. As of July 1, 2012, the plan had 340 active participants and 11 retired participants. Eligibility for these benefits is based on years of service and/or minimum age requirements. These contractual agreements do not include any specific contribution or funding requirements. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report. These benefits are summarized as follows:

Post-Employment Insurance Benefits – All retirees of the District have the option under state law to continue their medical insurance coverage through the District from the time of retirement until the employee reaches the age of eligibility for Medicare. Under the terms of certain collectively bargained employment contracts, the District is required to pay health and dental insurance premiums for eligible retirees until they reach age 65 or 70 as specified in their contract. Employees must meet certain age and/or length of service requirements to be eligible. The monthly district contribution per retiree for post-employment health and dental insurance is equal to the premiums covered for current employees in the retiree's bargaining group. Benefits paid by the District differ by bargaining unit and date of hire, with some contracts specifying a certain dollar amount per month, and some covering premium costs as defined within each collective bargaining agreement. Retirees not eligible for these district-paid premium benefits must pay the full district premium rate for their coverage.

The District is legally required to include any retirees for whom it provides health insurance coverage in the same insurance pool as its active employees, whether the premiums are paid by the District or the retiree. Consequently, participating retirees are considered to receive a secondary benefit known as an "implicit rate subsidy." This benefit relates to the assumption that the retiree is receiving a more favorable premium rate than they would otherwise be able to obtain if purchasing insurance on their own, due to being included in the same pool with the District's younger and statistically healthier active employees.

#### **B.** Funding Policy

The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with additional amounts to pre-fund benefits as determined annually by the District. There are no invested plan assets accumulated for payment of future benefits.

#### NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on annual required contributions (ARC) of the District, an amount determined on an actuarially determined basis in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and the changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to the plan:

ARC	\$ 241,692
Interest on net OPEB obligation	26,019
Adjustment to ARC	(35,565)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	232,146
Contributions made	110,000
Increase in net OPEB obligation	122,146
Net OPEB obligation – beginning of year	578,192
Net OPEB obligation – end of year	\$ 700,338

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the past three years are as follows:

				Percentage of					
Fiscal		Annual	E	mployer	Annual OPEB	N	et OPEB		
Year Ended	Ol	PEB Cost	Contribution		Cost Contributed	Obligation			
June 30, 2011	\$	211,642	\$	51,626	24.4%	\$	426,883		
June 30, 2012	\$	215,953	\$	64,644	29.9%	\$	578,192		
June 30, 2013	\$	232,146	\$	110,000	47.4%	\$	700,338		

#### D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was zero percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,500,479, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1,500,479. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$13,212,704, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was \$1.4 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the ARC of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress immediately following the notes to basic financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

#### NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2012 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included: a 4.5 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) based on the District's own investments; a 2.5 percent rate of projected salary increases; an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8.0 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.0 percent after seven years, and a dental cost trend rate of 4.0 percent. The UAAL is being amortized on a level dollar basis over a closed period. The remaining amortization period on July 1, 2012 for the various amortization layers ranged from 26 to 30 years.

#### NOTE 8 - FLEXIBLE BENEFIT PLAN

The District offers its employees a flexible benefit plan, a cafeteria plan (the Plan) created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code § 125. All employee groups of the District are eligible if and when the collective bargaining agreement or contract with their group allows eligibility. Eligible employees can elect to participate by contributing pre-tax dollars withheld from payroll checks to the Plan for healthcare and dependant care benefits.

Before the beginning of the Plan year, which is from January 1 to December 31, each participant designates a total amount of pre-tax dollars to be contributed to the Plan during the year. At June 30, the District is contingently liable for claims against the total amount of participants' annual contributions to the medical reimbursement portion of the Plan, whether or not such contributions have been made.

Payments of insurance premiums (health and dental) are made by the District directly to the designated insurance companies. These payments are made on a monthly basis and are accounted for in the General Fund.

Amounts withheld for medical reimbursement and dependant care are held in the District's cash account. Payments are made by a third party administrator to participating employees upon submitting a request for reimbursement of eligible expenses incurred by the employee. The medical reimbursement and dependant care activity is accounted for in the financial statements in the General Fund.

All property of the Plan and income attributable to that property is solely the property of the District, subject to the claims of the District's general creditors. Participants' rights under the Plan are equal to those of general creditors of the District in an amount equal to eligible healthcare and dependant care expenses incurred by the participants. The District believes that it is unlikely that it will use the assets to satisfy the claims of general creditors in the future.

#### NOTE 9 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### A. Operating Leases

The District is leasing buildings and space in several locations. The District incurred expenditures of \$604,989 for operating leases during the year ended June 30, 2013. These leases are scheduled to expire on various dates through 2022. The following is a summary of minimum lease payments for all operating leases:

Year Ending June 30,	 Amount
2014	\$ 341,052
2015	296,714
2016	262,288
2017	201,150
2018	204,394
Thereafter	 850,020
	\$ 2,155,618

#### **B.** Federal and State Revenues

Amounts received or receivable from federal and state agencies are subject to agency audit and adjustment. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of funds which may be disallowed by the agencies cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### C. Legal Contingencies

The District has the usual and customary legal claims pending at year-end, mostly of a minor nature and/or covered by insurance. Although the outcomes of these claims are not presently determinable, the District believes that the resolution of these matters will not have a material effect on its financial position.

#### **NOTE 10 – LINE OF CREDIT**

In May 2012, the District entered into a line of credit agreement with a national bank pursuant to Minnesota Statute § 123B.12(b). This agreement allows the District to borrow up to \$1,250,000. Principal and interest with respect to each advance under this line of credit shall be repaid within 45 days. Interest accrues at an annual rate equal to the prime rate plus 1.05 percent with a floor of 5 percent. This line of credit agreement expires June 30, 2013. No advances were made against this line of credit during the year ended June 30, 2013. In fiscal 2014, this line of credit was renewed for \$1,000,000.

#### NOTE 11 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS AND TRANSFERS

The General Fund made an interfund transfer of \$18,630 to the Food Service Special Revenue Fund to eliminate a fund balance deficit at year-end.

At June 30, 2013, the General Fund had an interfund receivable of \$1,026 due from the Food Service Special Revenue Fund. This interfund receivable was completed to assist with cash flow.

Such interfund balances and transfers reported in the fund financial statements are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements.



Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Funding Progress June 30, 2013

#### Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan

				•	Unfunded				Unfunded	1
Actuarial	Actuarial	Acti	uarial		Actuarial				Liability as	s a
Valuation	Accrued	Val	ue of		Accrued	Funded	l	Covered	Percentage	of
Date	Liability	Plan	Assets		Liability	Ratio		Payroll	Payroll	
	_			'					•	
July 1, 2008	\$ 1,462,608	\$	_	\$	1,462,608	-	- %	\$ 11,154,270	13.10	%
July 1, 2010	\$ 1,373,077	\$	_	\$	1,373,077	-	- %	\$ 11,861,681	11.60	%
July 1, 2012	\$ 1,500,479	\$	_	\$	1,500,479	_	- %	\$ 13,212,704	11.40	%



#### General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2013 and 2012

	2013	2012
Assets		
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 2,886,578	\$ -
Cash and investments held by trustee	610,067	591,933
Receivables		
Accounts and interest	45,203	24,380
Due from other school districts	1,232,116	1,958,476
Due from Minnesota Department of Education	3,461,782	6,135,218
Due from other governmental units	96,384	122,410
Due from other funds	1,026	_
Inventory	51,154	8,205
Prepaid items	29,556	98,594
Total assets	\$ 8,413,866	\$ 8,939,216
Liabilities		
Salaries and compensated absences payable	\$ 1,737,543	\$ 1,638,359
Accounts and contracts payable	44,156	119,664
Due to other school districts	342,252	382,760
Due to other governmental units	420,431	159,827
Due to other fund	_	150,730
Unearned revenue	164,859	137,262
Total liabilities	2,709,241	2,588,602
Fund balances		
Nonspendable for prepaid items	29,556	98,594
Nonspendable for inventory	51,154	8,205
Restricted for debt service	610,067	591,933
Restricted for basic skills	34,589	_
Restricted for capital purposes	785,920	866,077
Assigned for subsequent year's budgeted deficit	110,661	_
Unassigned	4,082,678	4,785,805
Total fund balances	5,704,625	6,350,614
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 8,413,866	\$ 8,939,216

#### General Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

#### Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2013

		2012		
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenue				
Local sources				
Tuition	\$ 7,841,482	\$ 7,798,778	\$ (42,704)	\$ 7,755,576
Investment earnings	19,300	29,459	10,159	29,406
Other	736,385	695,438	(40,947)	665,656
State sources	16,062,890	14,971,337	(1,091,553)	14,303,993
Federal sources	163,134	155,577	(7,557)	370,441
Total revenue	24,823,191	23,650,589	(1,172,602)	23,125,072
Expenditures				
Current				
Administrative and support services	625,743	601,294	(24,449)	474,362
Secondary vocational/DCALS	4,410,601	4,227,288	(183,313)	4,100,921
Special education programs	19,714,792	18,895,989	(818,803)	18,146,690
Debt service				
Principal	225,000	225,000	_	215,000
Interest and fiscal charges	333,376	333,376	-	342,245
Total expenditures	25,309,512	24,282,947	(1,026,565)	23,279,218
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over expenditures	(486,321)	(632,358)	(146,037)	(154,146)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Proceeds from sale of assets	_	4,999	4,999	9,368
Transfers out	(23,750)	(18,630)	5,120	(23,626)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(23,750)	(13,631)	10,119	(14,258)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (510,071)	(645,989)	\$ (135,918)	(168,404)
Fund balances				
Beginning of year		6,350,614		6,519,018
End of year		\$ 5,704,625		\$ 6,350,614

#### General Fund Combining Balance Sheet by Account as of June 30, 2013

	Secondary Education		Special Education	Services Allocation	
Assets					
Cash and temporary investments (deficit)	\$ 2,120,253	\$	(54,872)	\$ 14,603	
Cash and investments held by trustee	_		_	_	
Receivables					
Accounts and interest	2,697		29,510	12,996	
Due from other school districts	323,818		883,344	21,972	
Due from Minnesota Department of Education	_		3,461,782	_	
Due from other governmental units	96,326		58	_	
Due from other funds	1,026		_	_	
Inventory	_		_	_	
Prepaid items	 3,771		24,710	 1,075	
Total assets	\$ 2,547,891	\$	4,344,532	\$ 50,646	
Liabilities					
Salaries and compensated absences payable	\$ 249,107	\$	1,465,973	\$ 22,463	
Accounts and contracts payable	11,426		21,857	10,683	
Due to other school districts	181,917		159,337	_	
Due to other governmental units	192,602		215,674	9,332	
Unearned revenue	_		156,691	8,168	
Total liabilities	 635,052		2,019,532	50,646	
Fund balances (deficit)					
Nonspendable for prepaid items	3,771		24,710	1,075	
Nonspendable for inventory	_		_	_	
Restricted for debt service	_		_	_	
Restricted for basic skills programs	_		34,589	_	
Restricted for capital purposes	_		_	_	
Assigned for subsequent year's budgeted deficit	110,661		_	_	
Unassigned	 1,798,407		2,265,701	 (1,075)	
Total fund balances	1,912,839		2,325,000		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,547,891	\$	4,344,532	\$ 50,646	

ict Support ervices	F	Capital xpenditure	Special Secondary Education Resale Resale		Total	
 <u>cr vices</u>		Apenarare		resure	 resure	 10141
\$ 17,065 -	\$	785,920 610,067	\$	(6,521) -	\$ 10,130	\$ 2,886,578 610,067
- 2,982 - - - -		- - - -		- - - - 47,232	- - - - 3,922	45,203 1,232,116 3,461,782 96,384 1,026 51,154
 					 	 29,556
\$ 20,047	\$	1,395,987	\$	40,711	\$ 14,052	\$ 8,413,866
\$ - 998 -	\$	- - - -	\$	190 - 2,685	\$ - - - 138	\$ 1,737,543 44,156 342,252 420,431 164,859
998		_		2,875	 138	 2,709,241
-		_		- 47.222	- 2 022	29,556
_		610,067		47,232	3,922	51,154 610,067
_		010,007 -		_	_	34,589
_		785,920 _		-	_	785,920 110,661
19,049		_		(9,396)	9,992	4,082,678
19,049		1,395,987		37,836	13,914	5,704,625
\$ 20,047	\$	1,395,987	\$	40,711	\$ 14,052	\$ 8,413,866

## General Fund Combining Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances by Account Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Secondary Education		 Special Education		Services llocation
Revenue					
Local sources					
Tuition	\$	3,587,494	\$ 3,202,954	\$	449,954
Investment earnings		855	44		_
Other		8,645	546,076		8,474
State sources		75,408	14,861,033		34,896
Federal sources		150,577	5,000		_
Total revenue	\ <u></u>	3,822,979	 18,615,107		493,324
Expenditures					
Current					
Administrative and support services		_	_		493,324
Secondary vocational/DCALS		4,135,016	_		_
Special education programs		_	18,876,743		_
Debt service					
Principal		_	_		_
Interest and fiscal charges		_	 		
Total expenditures		4,135,016	 18,876,743		493,324
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		(312,037)	(261,636)		_
Other financing sources (uses)					
Proceeds from sale of assets		196	853		_
Transfers out		_	(18,630)		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		196	(17,777)		
Net change in fund balances		(311,841)	(279,413)		_
Fund balances					
Beginning of year		2,224,680	 2,604,413		
End of year	\$	1,912,839	\$ 2,325,000	\$	_

et Support	E	Capital xpenditure	Secondary Resale		Ed	Special ducation Resale	ucation	
\$ - - 44,058	\$	558,376 28,560	\$	- - 70,329	\$	- - 17,856	\$	7,798,778 29,459 695,438
 		-		_ 		-		14,971,337 155,577
44,058		586,936		70,329		17,856		23,650,589
44,060		63,910		_		_		601,294
_		26,673		65,599		_		4,227,288
_		_		_		19,246		18,895,989
_		225,000		_		_		225,000
 		333,376						333,376
44,060		648,959		65,599		19,246		24,282,947
(2)		(62,023)		4,730		(1,390)		(632,358)
_		_		3,950		_		4,999
 								(18,630)
				3,950		_		(13,631)
(2)		(62,023)		8,680		(1,390)		(645,989)
 19,051		1,458,010		29,156		15,304		6,350,614
\$ 19,049	\$	1,395,987	\$	37,836	\$	13,914	\$	5,704,625

#### General Fund – Secondary Education Account Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2013

		2012		
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenue				
Local sources				
Tuition	\$ 3,713,790	\$ 3,587,494	\$ (126,296)	\$ 3,938,532
Investment earnings	1,000	\$ 3,387,494 855	(120,290)	920
Other	8,750	8,645	(105)	21,437
State sources	75,440	75,408	(32)	61,110
Federal sources	158,134	150,577	(7,557)	197,689
Total revenue	3,957,114	3,822,979	(134,135)	4,219,688
			, , ,	
Expenditures				
Current				
Secondary vocational/DCALS				
Salaries	2,495,706	2,449,860	(45,846)	2,365,115
Employee benefits	815,717	795,235	(20,482)	732,814
Purchased services	565,453	535,087	(30,366)	515,206
Supplies and materials	125,169	102,664	(22,505)	96,622
Other expenditures	3,789	3,611	(178)	1,691
Capital expenditures	18,819	14,052	(4,767)	35,427
Allocated overhead	236,028	234,507	(1,521)	220,927
Total expenditures	4,260,681	4,135,016	(125,665)	3,967,802
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over expenditures	(303,567)	(312,037)	(8,470)	251,886
Other financing sources				
Proceeds from sale of assets		196	196	5,357
Net change in fund balances	\$ (303,567)	(311,841)	\$ (8,274)	257,243
Fund balances				
Beginning of year		2,224,680		1,967,437
End of year		\$ 1,912,839		\$ 2,224,680

# General Fund – Special Education Account Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2013

			2012	
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenue				
Local sources				
Tuition	\$ 3,108,602	\$ 3,202,954	\$ 94,352	\$ 2,962,399
Investment earnings (charges)	300	44	(256)	(341)
Other	531,158	546,076	14,918	529,239
State sources	15,952,478	14,861,033	(1,091,445)	14,199,467
Federal sources	5,000	5,000	_	172,752
Total revenue	19,597,538	18,615,107	(982,431)	17,863,516
Expenditures				
Current				
Special education programs				
Salaries	11,812,726	11,308,037	(504,689)	10,813,236
Employee benefits	4,553,558	4,313,213	(240,345)	4,049,078
Purchased services	1,469,464	1,516,683	47,219	1,277,070
Supplies and materials	579,242	484,941	(94,301)	644,913
Other expenditures	8,018	6,696	(1,322)	5,657
Capital expenditures	214,860	186,639	(28,221)	317,516
Allocated overhead	1,059,324	1,060,534	1,210	1,021,841
Total expenditures	19,697,192	18,876,743	(820,449)	18,129,311
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over expenditures	(99,654)	(261,636)	(161,982)	(265,795)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Proceeds from sale of assets	_	853	853	4,011
Transfers out	(23,750)	(18,630)	5,120	(23,626)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(23,750)	(17,777)	5,973	(19,615)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (123,404)	(279,413)	\$ (156,009)	(285,410)
Fund balances				
Beginning of year		2,604,413		2,889,823
End of year		\$ 2,325,000		\$ 2,604,413

#### General Fund – Services Allocation Account Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2013

		2013		2012
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenue				
Local sources				
Tuition	\$ 460,714	\$ 449,954	\$ (10,760)	\$ 352,800
Other	16,457	8,474	(7,983)	8,402
State sources	34,972	34,896	(76)	43,416
Total revenue	512,143	493,324	(18,819)	404,618
Expenditures				
Current				
Administrative and support services				
Salaries	792,742	789,620	(3,122)	786,232
Employee benefits	252,990	253,125	135	237,644
Purchased services	714,396	707,647	(6,749)	569,416
Supplies and materials	28,813	23,593	(5,220)	27,344
Other expenditures	14,666	13,404	(1,262)	13,659
Capital expenditures	2,005	974	(1,031)	13,091
Allocated overhead	(1,293,469)	(1,295,039)	(1,570)	(1,242,768)
Total expenditures	512,143	493,324	(18,819)	404,618
Net change in fund balances	\$ _	_	\$ _	_
Fund balances				
Beginning of year				
End of year		\$ _		\$ -

#### General Fund – District Support Services Account Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2013

	2013						2012	
						r (Under)		
	Budget		Actual		Budget			Actual
Revenue								
Local sources								
Tuition	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	24,600
Other		50,000		44,058		(5,942)		26,485
Total revenue		50,000		44,058		(5,942)		51,085
Expenditures								
Current								
Administrative and support services								
Salaries		_		_		_		14,916
Employee benefits		_		_		_		3,696
Purchased services		50,000		44,060		(5,940)		26,936
Supplies and materials		_		_		_		2,764
Capital expenditures		_		_		_		3,830
Total expenditures		50,000		44,060		(5,940)		52,142
Net change in fund balances	\$			(2)	\$	(2)		(1,057)
Fund balances								
Beginning of year				19,051				20,108
End of year			\$	19,049			\$	19,051

## General Fund – Capital Expenditure Account Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2013

		2013						
					Over (Under)			
	Budget			Actual		Budget		Actual
Revenue								
Local sources								
Tuition	\$ 55	58,376	\$	558,376	\$	_	\$	477,245
Investment earnings		18,000		28,560		10,560		28,827
Total revenue	5	76,376		586,936		10,560		506,072
Expenditures								
Current								
Administrative and support services								
Supplies and materials		_		367		367		17,602
Capital expenditures	(	63,600		63,543		(57)		_
Secondary vocational/DCALS								
Purchased services	2	45,000		26,673		(18,327)		73,093
Debt service								
Principal	22	25,000		225,000		_		215,000
Interest and fiscal charges	33	33,376		333,376		_		342,245
Total expenditures	60	66,976		648,959		(18,017)		647,940
Net change in fund balances	\$ (9	90,600)		(62,023)	\$	28,577		(141,868)
Fund balances								
Beginning of year				1,458,010				1,599,878
End of year			\$	1,395,987			\$	1,458,010

## General Fund – Secondary Resale Account Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2013

		2013						2012	
	Budget			Actual		Over (Under) Budget		Actual	
Revenue									
Local sources									
Other	\$	105,520	\$	70,329	\$	(35,191)	\$	60,687	
Expenditures									
Current									
Secondary vocational/DCALS									
Purchased services		9,400		13,099		3,699		12,293	
Supplies and materials		95,350		50,962		(44,388)		38,648	
Capital expenditures		_		1,200		1,200		8,791	
Other expenditures		170		338		168		294	
Total expenditures		104,920		65,599		(39,321)		60,026	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue									
over expenditures		600		4,730		4,130		661	
Other financing sources									
Proceeds from sale of assets				3,950		3,950			
Net change in fund balances	\$	600		8,680	\$	8,080		661	
Fund balances									
Beginning of year				29,156				28,495	
End of year			\$	37,836			\$	29,156	



#### General Fund – Special Education Resale Account Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2013

			2012				
	Budget		 Actual		er (Under) Budget		Actual
Revenue Local sources Other	\$	24,500	\$ 17,856	\$	(6,644)	\$	19,406
Expenditures Current							
Special education programs							
Purchased services		_	_		_		60
Resale of equipment		_	1,544		1,544		_
Supplies and materials		17,600	17,702		102		17,319
Total expenditures		17,600	 19,246		1,646		17,379
Net change in fund balances	\$	6,900	(1,390)	\$	(8,290)		2,027
Fund balances							
Beginning of year			 15,304				13,277
End of year			\$ 13,914			\$	15,304

#### Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2013 and 2012

	2013			2012
Assets Cash and temporary investments	\$	438,266	\$	475,566
Liabilities				
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	_	\$	4,945
Due to other governmental units		131,829		_
Total liabilities		131,829		4,945
Fund balances				
Restricted for capital purposes		306,437		470,621
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	438,266	\$	475,566

#### Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2013

	2013						2012	
	Budget		Actual		Over (Under) Budget		Actual	
Revenue								
Local sources								
Investment earnings	\$	500	\$	198	\$	(302)	\$	295
Expenditures								
Capital outlay		110,115		164,382		54,267		206,356
Net change in fund balances	\$	(109,615)		(164,184)	\$	(54,569)		(206,061)
Fund balances								
Beginning of year				470,621				676,682
End of year			\$	306,437			\$	470,621

#### Food Service Special Revenue Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2013 and 2012

	 2013			
Assets				
Receivables				
Due from other governmental units	\$ 1,026	\$	1,327	
Liabilities Accounts and contracts payable Due to other funds	\$ 1,026	\$	44 1,283	
Total liabilities	\$ 1,026	\$	1,327	

#### Food Service Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2013

	2013							2012	
	Budget		Actual			er (Under) Budget		Actual	
Revenue									
Local sources									
Other – primarily meal sales	\$	17,900	\$	14,146	\$	(3,754)	\$	14,700	
State sources		3,700		3,058		(642)		3,656	
Federal sources		55,650		49,945		(5,705)		59,634	
Total revenue		77,250		67,149		(10,101)		77,990	
Expenditures									
Purchased services		5,000		3,491		(1,509)		6,543	
Supplies and materials		96,000		82,288		(13,712)		95,073	
Total expenditures		101,000		85,779		(15,221)		101,616	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue									
over expenditures		(23,750)		(18,630)		5,120		(23,626)	
Other financing sources									
Transfers in		23,750		18,630		(5,120)		23,626	
Net change in fund balances	\$			_	\$			_	
Fund balances									
Beginning of year									
End of year			\$				\$		

# Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2013 (With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2012)

		Dental	-Employment Employee	Tot		
	Sel	f-Insurance	Benefits	 2013		2012
Assets						
Cash and temporary investments	\$	248,976	\$ 524,018	\$ 772,994	\$	457,968
Accounts receivable		1,029	_	1,029		_
Due from other funds		_	_	_		152,013
Prepaid items			 509	509		
Total assets		250,005	524,527	774,532		609,981
Liabilities						
Current liabilities						
Accounts and contracts payable		4,008	8,194	12,202		29,806
Severance benefits payable		_	98,380	98,380		20,542
Total current liabilities		4,008	106,574	110,582		50,348
Long-term liabilities						
Net other post-employment						
benefit obligation		_	700,338	700,338		578,192
Severance benefits payable		_	465,248	465,248		488,559
Total long-term liabilities		_	1,165,586	1,165,586		1,066,751
Total liabilities		4,008	 1,272,160	 1,276,168		1,117,099
Net position (deficit)						
Unrestricted	\$	245,997	\$ (747,633)	\$ (501,636)	\$	(507,118)

## Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2013

				Employment				
		Dental		Employee		Tot	tals	
	Self	-Insurance		Benefits		2013		2012
Omegating assesses								
Operating revenue  Local sources								
	¢	221 049	¢.	104 000	ф	525.049	¢	552.024
Contributions from governmental funds	\$	331,048	\$	194,000	\$	525,048	\$	553,024
Operating expenses								
Post-employment severance and								
health benefits		_		226,441		226,441		148,971
Dental benefit claims		293,463		_		293,463		300,977
Total operating expenses		293,463	293,463 226,441			519,904		449,948
Operating income		37,585		(32,441)		5,144		103,076
Nonoperating revenue								
Investment earnings		101		237		338		336
Change in net position		37,686		(32,204)		5,482		103,412
Net position (deficit)								
Beginning of year		208,311		(715,429)		(507,118)		(610,530)
End of year	\$	245,997	\$	(747,633)	\$	(501,636)	\$	(507,118)

#### Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Dental	Post-Employment Employee Benefits		Totals				
	f-Insurance			2013		2012		
Cash flows from operating activities Contributions from governmental funds Post-employment severance and health	\$ 331,048	\$	194,000	\$ 525,048	\$	553,024		
benefit payments Payments for dental claims	 (320,290)		(42,083)	(42,083) (320,290)		(37,185) (278,096)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	10,758		151,917	162,675		237,743		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Cash paid to other funds	=		152,013	152,013		(152,013)		
Cash flows from investing activities Investment income received	 101		237	 338		336		
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	10,859		304,167	315,026		86,066		
Cash and temporary investments Beginning of year	238,117		219,851	457,968		371,902		
End of year	\$ 248,976	\$	524,018	\$ 772,994	\$	457,968		
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities Changes in assets and liabilities	\$ 37,585	\$	(32,441)	\$ 5,144	\$	103,076		
Post-employment severance benefits payable  Net other post-employment benefit	-		54,527	54,527		(39,523)		
obligation	_		122,146	122,146		151,309		
Accounts receivable	(1,029)		_	(1,029)		=		
Prepaid items Accounts payable	(25,798)		(509) 8,194	(509) (17,604)		22,881		
1 recounts payable	 (23,130)		0,174	 (17,004)		22,001		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 10,758	\$	151,917	\$ 162,675	\$	237,743		



#### Government-Wide Revenue by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

				General	
		Program Revenues	Comital	Revenues	
Year Ended	Charges	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Investment Earnings	
June 30,	for Services	Contributions	Contributions	and Other	Total
2004	\$ 13,748,514	\$ 858,557	\$ 36,463	\$ 89,667	\$ 14,733,201
	93%	6%	_	1%	100%
2005	14,646,565	845,216	19,867	107,332	15,618,980
	94%	5%	_	1%	100%
2006	15,285,571	750,792	14,796	234,665	16,285,824
	94%	5%	_	1%	100%
2007	16,426,457	837,561	21,621	270,425	17,556,064
	93%	5%	_	2%	100%
2008	18,090,478	884,092	23,469	281,238	19,279,277
	94%	5%	_	1%	100%
2009	6,592,339	12,759,841	734,740	133,252	20,220,172
	33%	63%	3%	1%	100%
2010	7,782,625	14,567,950	617,930	599,235	23,567,740
	33%	62%	3%	2%	100%
2011	7,484,976	15,265,005	567,175	224,526	23,541,682
	32%	65%	2%	1%	100%
2012	7,848,114	14,720,483	498,613	136,147	23,203,357
	34%	63%	2%	1%	100%
2013	7,839,060	15,177,273	580,348	126,115	23,722,796
	33%	64%	2%	1%	100%

In fiscal 2009, the state of Minnesota converted special education to a state-wide system. This caused the charges for services to be converted to operating grants and contributions.

Note:

## Government-Wide Expenses by Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30,	Administrative and Support Services	Secondary Vocational/ DCALS	Special Education Programs	Food Service	Interest and Fiscal Charges on Debt	Total
2004	\$ 1,051,279	\$ 3,138,694	\$ 11,072,294	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,262,267
	7%	21%	73%	-	-	100%
2005	1,073,594 7%	3,492,142 22%	11,493,554 71%	_ _	-	16,059,290 100%
2006	1,112,460	3,269,581	11,708,188	-	-	16,090,229
	7%	20%	73%	-	-	100%
2007	1,309,198	3,239,749	12,838,805	-	-	17,387,752
	7%	19%	74%	-	-	100%
2008	1,143,629	3,629,059	14,148,809	-	223,767	19,145,264
	6%	19%	74%	-	1%	100%
2009	1,484,759	3,698,703	15,126,240	_	410,161	20,719,863
	7%	18%	73%	_	2%	100%
2010	1,279,128	3,778,602	16,753,538	71,375	361,888	22,244,531
	6%	17%	75%	-	2%	100%
2011	1,614,185	3,855,919	16,699,413	74,423	353,553	22,597,493
	7%	17%	74%	-	2%	100%
2012	1,765,768 8%	3,875,566 17%	17,292,500 74%	101,616	344,925 1%	23,380,375 100%
2013	1,998,969	3,962,647	18,097,103	85,779	335,885	24,480,383
	8%	16%	74%	1%	1%	100%

Note: The Food Service Special Revenue Fund was established in fiscal year 2010.

#### General Fund Revenue by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Year Ended June 30,	Tuition Revenue	Investment Earnings (Charges)	Other Revenue	State Revenue	Federal Revenue	Total	
Secondary								
education	2004	\$ 2,675,474	\$ 11,830	\$ 62,787	\$ -	\$ 241,980	\$ 2,992,071	
	2005	3,000,884	19,424	54,720	_	253,175	3,328,203	
	2006	3,055,645	40,955	77,678	_	288,346	3,462,624	
	2007	3,103,608	54,287	3,198	_	292,365	3,453,458	
	2008	3,534,488	60,762	25,461	_	341,820	3,962,531	
	2009	3,349,713	11,583	26,599	_	186,813	3,574,708	
	2010	3,715,685	2,663	13,587	10,195	150,108	3,892,238	
	2011	3,656,422	927	8,787	49,708	172,435	3,888,279	
	2012	3,938,532	920	21,437	61,110	197,689	4,219,688	
	2013	3,587,494	855	8,645	75,408	150,577	3,822,979	
Special								
education	2004	10,919,002	(1,287)	202,505	_	540,209	11,660,429	
	2005	11,468,180	(6,682)	134,097	_	560,570	12,156,165	
	2006	11,950,232	(7,457)	208,229	1,000	446,384	12,598,388	
	2007	13,082,524	(19,682)	208,659	_	450,424	13,721,925	
	2008	14,331,589	(4,875)	177,538	_	455,666	14,959,918	
	2009	3,004,086	4,242	202,077	12,035,354	464,375	15,710,134	
	2010	3,332,630	221	603,186	13,721,390	561,110	18,218,537	
	2011	3,087,411	(392)	390,143	14,210,549	735,457	18,423,168	
	2012	2,962,399	(341)	529,239	14,199,467	172,752	17,863,516	
	2013	3,202,954	44	546,076	14,861,033	5,000	18,615,107	
Services								
allocation	2004	_	_	18,150	41,318	_	59,468	
	2005	_	_	_	25,485	_	25,485	
	2006	_	_	_	22,482	_	22,482	
	2007	_	_	_	30,904	_	30,904	
	2008	_	_	_	53,764	_	53,764	
	2009	_	_	_	190,765	_	190,765	
	2010	_	_	_	38,155	_	38,155	
	2011	305,475	_	1,559	56,381	_	363,415	
	2012	352,800	_	8,402	43,416		404,618	
	2013	449,954	_	8,474	34,896	_	493,324	
District support								
services	2004	_	_	2,376	_	_	2,376	
	2005	_	_	99,698	_	_	99,698	
	2006	_	(4,141)	185,532	_	_	181,391	
	2007	_	_	179,943	_	_	179,943	
	2008	_	_	155,710	_	_	155,710	
	2009	_	_	64,729	_	_	64,729	
	2010	44,033	_	51,691	_	_	95,724	
	2011	39,670	_	31,831	_	_	71,501	
	2012	24,600	_	26,485	_	_	51,085	
	2013	_	_	44,058	_	_	44,058	

#### General Fund Revenue by Source (continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Investment							
	Year Ended	Tuition	Earnings	Other	State	Federal	
	June 30,	Revenue	(Charges)	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	Total
Capital	•••		=0				
expenditure	2004	_	78	_	_	_	78
	2005	_	44	_	_	_	44
	2006	_	97	_	_	_	97
	2007	_	115	_	_	_	115
	2008	_	452	_	_	_	452
	2009	565,508	17,854	_	_	_	583,362
	2010	562,451	2,517	253,572	_	_	818,540
	2011	552,201	28,941	1,707	_	_	582,849
	2012	477,245	28,827	_	_	_	506,072
	2013	558,376	28,560	_	_	_	586,936
Secondary resale	2004	_	_	_	_	_	_
	2005	_	_	_	_	_	_
	2006	_	_	_	_	_	_
	2007	_	_	125,497	_	_	125,497
	2008	_	_	117,092	_	_	117,092
	2009	_	_	67,919	_	_	67,919
	2010	_	_	167,075	_	_	167,075
	2011	_	_	137,627	_	_	137,627
	2012	_	_	60,687	_	_	60,687
	2013	_	_	70,329	_	_	70,329
Special							
education resale	2004	_	_	_	_	_	_
	2005	_	_	_	_	_	_
	2006	_	_	_	_	_	_
	2007	_	_	17,368	_	_	17,368
	2008	_	_	19,349	_	_	19,349
	2009	_	_	22,886	_	_	22,886
	2010	_	_	22,620	_	_	22,620
	2011	_	_	21,279	_	_	21,279
	2012	_	_	19,406	_	_	19,406
	2013	_	_	17,856	_	_	17,856

Note 1: The Secondary Resale Account was established in fiscal year 2007.

Note 2: The Special Education Resale Account was established in fiscal year 2007.

#### General Fund Expenditures by Object Last Ten Fiscal Years

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	Year Ended June 30,	Salary Expenditures	Employee Benefits Expenditures	Purchased Services Expenditures	Other Expenditures	Allocated Overhead	Total
Secondary							
education	2004	\$ 1,892,392	\$ 460,814	\$ 482,018	\$ 188,981	\$ 200,419	\$ 3,224,624
	2005	1,889,985	487,743	496,042	197,639	195,183	3,266,592
	2006	1,990,866	546,367	565,985	260,036	189,815	3,553,069
	2007	1,871,490	545,270	564,066	112,876	203,055	3,296,757
	2008	2,009,066	607,325	727,957	149,561	201,426	3,695,335
	2009	2,063,886	655,558	552,483	115,595	197,555	3,585,077
	2010	2,268,974	679,673	533,333	105,992	219,410	3,807,382
	2011	2,253,662	680,947	563,196	164,868	209,572	3,872,245
	2012	2,365,115	732,814	515,206	133,740	220,927	3,967,802
	2013	2,449,860	795,235	535,087	120,327	234,507	4,135,016
Special							
education	2004	7,399,074	1,807,684	1,458,179	317,152	736,785	11,718,874
	2005	7,573,709	1,997,793	1,405,226	414,445	753,184	12,144,357
	2006	7,718,588	2,143,520	1,403,163	395,922	764,969	12,426,162
	2007	8,395,050	2,441,463	1,496,680	383,206	881,392	13,597,791
	2008	9,194,539	2,804,869	1,561,057	475,149	864,291	14,899,905
	2009	9,656,932	3,149,781	1,629,135	353,336	920,575	15,709,759
	2010	10,298,835	3,538,306	1,787,311	691,957	937,527	17,253,936
	2011	10,405,760	3,800,881	1,914,616	553,662	998,333	17,673,252
	2012	10,813,236	4,049,078	1,277,070	968,086	1,021,841	18,129,311
	2013	11,308,037	4,313,213	1,516,683	678,276	1,060,534	18,876,743
Services							
allocation	2004	587,797	163,151	188,176	57,548	(937,204)	59,468
	2005	563,366	168,404	158,183	83,899	(948,367)	25,485
	2006	611,029	167,821	146,551	51,865	(954,784)	22,482
	2007	665,717	170,325	221,124	58,185	(1,084,447)	30,904
	2008	711,026	185,819	147,102	75,534	(1,065,717)	53,764
	2009	733,346	194,078	318,981	62,490	(1,118,130)	190,765
	2010	749,966	204,226	179,556	61,344	(1,156,937)	38,155
	2011	786,795	214,980	490,893	78,652	(1,207,905)	363,415
	2012	786,232	237,644	569,416	54,094	(1,242,768)	404,618
	2013	789,620	253,125	707,647	37,971	(1,295,039)	493,324
District support							
services	2004	1,003	126	14,023	8,698	_	23,850
	2005	63,625	15,555	101,453	(16,301)	_	164,332
	2006	50,055	14,146	162,234	(8,906)	_	217,529
	2007	66,830	22,666	84,585	_	_	174,081
	2008	_	_	135,085	_	_	135,085
	2009	3,518	451	67,754	_	_	71,723
	2010	17,851	2,310	59,937	6,575	_	86,673
	2011	18,715	2,419	34,564	20,043	_	75,741
	2012	14,916	3,696	26,936	6,594	_	52,142
	2013	_	_	44,060	_	_	44,060

(continued)

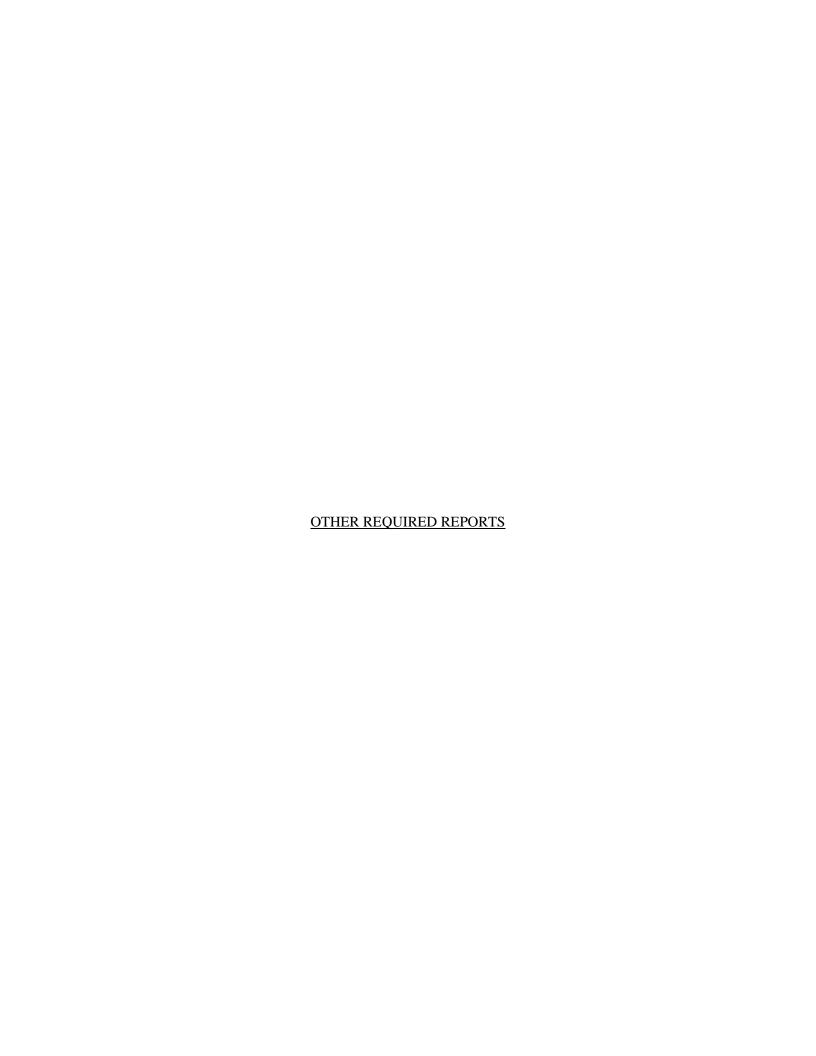
#### General Fund Expenditures by Object (continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Employee	Purchased			
	Year Ended	Salary	Benefits	Services	Other	Allocated	
	June 30,	Expenditures	Expenditures	Expenditures	Expenditures	Overhead	Total
Capital							
expenditure	2004	_	_	25,485	19,140	_	44,625
on ponditure	2005	_	_		-	_	,020
	2006	_	_	_	_	_	_
	2007	_	_	_	_	_	_
	2008	_	_	_	6,802,482	_	6,802,482
	2009	2,802	238	210,640	558,208	_	771,888
	2010	_	_	15,512	578,439	_	593,951
	2011	_	_	70,060	557,978	_	628,038
	2012	_	_	73,093	574,847	_	647,940
	2013	_	_	26,673	622,286	_	648,959
Secondary resale	2004	_	_	_	_	_	_
·	2005	_	_	_	_	_	_
	2006	_	_	_	_	_	_
	2007	29,140	6,449	53,112	59,080	_	147,781
	2008	16,588	2,687	24,423	50,785	_	94,483
	2009	18,063	2,914	23,520	18,036	_	62,533
	2010	17,225	2,863	32,560	104,851	_	157,499
	2011	18,760	3,133	29,480	75,164	_	126,537
	2012	_	_	12,293	47,733	_	60,026
	2013	_	_	13,099	52,500	_	65,599
Special							
education resale	2004	_	_	_	_	_	_
caacation result	2005	_	_	_	_	_	_
	2006	_	_	_	_	_	_
	2007	_	_	296	11,416	_	11,712
	2008	_	_		18,316	_	18,316
	2009	_	_	705	18,754	_	19,459
	2010	_	_	-	20,729	_	20,729
	2011	_	_	_	20,009	_	20,009
	2012	_	_	60	17,319	_	17,379
	2013	_	-	-	19,246	_	19,246

Note 1: The Secondary Resale Account was established in fiscal year 2007.

Note 2: The Special Education Resale Account was established in fiscal year 2007.







#### PRINCIPALS



Thomas M. Montague, CPA
Thomas A. Karnowski, CPA
Paul A. Radosevich, CPA
William J. Lauer, CPA
James H. Eichten, CPA
Aaron J. Nielsen, CPA
Victoria L. Holinka, CPA

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the School Board and Management of Intermediate School District No. 917 Rosemount, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Intermediate School District No. 917 (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 29, 2013.

#### INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

(continued)

#### COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Malloy, Montague, Karnowski, Radasewich & Co., P. A.

Minneapolis, Minnesota October 29, 2013



Thomas M. Montague, CPA Thomas A. Karnowski, CPA Paul A. Radosevich, CPA William J. Lauer, CPA James H. Eichten, CPA Aaron J. Nielsen, CPA Victoria L. Holinka, CPA

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

To the School Board and Management of Intermediate School District No. 917 Rosemount, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Intermediate School District No. 917 (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 29, 2013.

The Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions, promulgated by the Office of the State Auditor pursuant to Minnesota Statute § 6.65, contains seven categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and uniform financial accounting and reporting standards for school districts. Our audit included all of the listed categories.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the District failed to comply with the provisions of the Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the District's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Malloy, Montague, Karnowski, Radasewich & Co., P. A.

Minneapolis, Minnesota October 29, 2013

#### Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards Compliance Table June 30, 2013

			Audit		UFARS		Audit – UFARS	
General Fund								
Total revenue		\$	23,650,589	\$	23,650,587	\$	2	
Total expenditures		\$	24,282,947	\$	24,282,947	\$	_	
Nonspendable								
460	Nonspendable fund balance	\$	80,710	\$	80,710	\$	_	
Restricted/reserve								
403	Staff development	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
405	Deferred maintenance	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
406	Health and safety	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
407	Capital projects levy	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
408	Cooperative revenue	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
411	Severance pay	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
414	Operating debt	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
416	Levy reduction	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
417	Taconite building maintenance	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
423	Certain teacher programs	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
424	Operating capital	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
426	\$25 taconite	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
427	Disabled accessibility	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
428	Learning and development	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
434	Area learning center	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
435	Contracted alternative programs	\$		\$	_	\$		
436	State approved alternative program	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
		\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
438	Gifted and talented		24.590				_	
441	Basic skills programs	\$	34,589	\$	34,589	\$	_	
445	Career and technical programs	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
446	First grade preparedness	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
449	Safe schools levy	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	
450	Pre-kindergarten	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	
451	QZAB payments	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
452	OPEB liability not in trust	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	
453	Unfunded severance and retirement levy	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	
Restricted								
464	Restricted fund balance	\$	1,395,987	\$	1,395,987	\$	-	
Committed								
418	Committed for separation	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	
461	Committed fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Assigned								
462	Assigned fund balance	\$	110,661	\$	110,661	\$	-	
Unassigned								
422	Unassigned fund balance	\$	4,082,678	\$	4,082,677	\$	1	
Food Service								
Total revenue		\$	67,149	\$	67,150	\$	(1)	
Total expenditures		\$	85,779	\$	85,779	\$	_	
Nonspendable								
460	Nonspendable fund balance	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
Restricted	•							
452	OPEB liability not in trust	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
464	Restricted fund balance	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
Unassigned		*		-		-		
463	Unassigned fund balance	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
.05	onassigned rand balance	Ψ		Ψ.		Ψ		
Community Service								
Total revenue		\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
Total expenditures		\$	_	\$	_	\$		
Nonspendable		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		
460	Nonspendable fund balance	\$		\$		\$		
Restricted/reserve	Nonspendable fund barance	φ	_	φ	_	φ	_	
426	\$25 taconite	\$		\$		\$		
			_		_		_	
431	Community education	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
432	ECFE	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	
444	School readiness	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
447	Adult basic education	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	
452	OPEB liability not in trust	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	
Restricted								
464	Restricted fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Unassigned								
463	Unassigned fund balance	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	

#### Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards Compliance Table (continued) June 30, 2013

		Audit		UFARS		Audit – UFARS	
Building Construction	on .	Φ.	100	Φ.	100		
Total revenue		\$	198	\$	198	\$ \$	_
Total expenditures Nonspendable		\$	164,382	\$	164,382	\$	_
Nonspendable 460	Nonspendable fund balance	\$	_	\$		\$	
Restricted/reserve		Ф	_	Ф	_	Ф	_
407	Capital projects levy	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
409	Alternative facility program	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
413	Project funded by COP	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Restricted		-		-		-	
464	Restricted fund balance	\$	306,437	\$	306,437	\$	_
Unassigned							
463	Unassigned fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Debt Service							
Total revenue		\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Total expenditures		\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Nonspendable				·			
460	Nonspendable fund balance	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Restricted/reserve							
425	Bond refundings	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_
451	QZAB payments	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Restricted							
464	Restricted fund balance	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Unassigned							
463	Unassigned fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Trust							
Total revenue		\$	2,025	\$	2,026	\$	(1)
Total expenditures		\$	385	\$	385	\$	-
422	Net position	\$	2,855	\$	2,855	\$	-
Internal Service			### ### ###				
Total revenue		\$	525,386	\$	525,386	\$	_
Total expenditures	AT	\$	519,904	\$	519,904	\$	_
422	Net position	\$	(501,636)	\$	(501,636)	\$	_
OPEB Revocable Tr	ust Fund						
Total revenue		\$	_	\$	-	\$	_
Total expenditures		\$	_	\$	-	\$	_
422	Net position	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
OPEB Irrevocable T	rust Fund						
Total revenue		\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Total expenditures		\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
422	Net position	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
OPEB Debt Service	Fund						
Total revenue	ı unu	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Total expenditures		\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Nonspendable				·			
460	Nonspendable fund balance	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Restricted	•					•	
425	Bond refundings	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
464	Restricted fund balance	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Unassigned							
463	Unassigned fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Note: Statutory restricted deficits, if any, are reported in unassigned fund balances in the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

